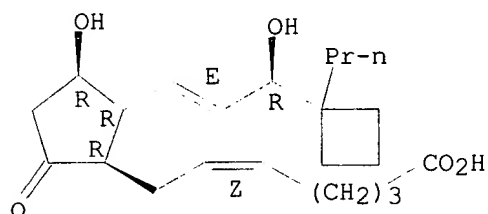


RN 63357-25-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-propylcyclobutyl)-1-propenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

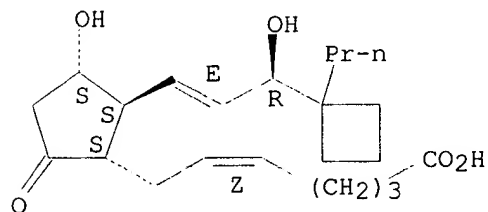
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 63357-26-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-propylcyclobutyl)-1-propenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L115 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1977:463008 HCAPLUS

DN 87:63008

TI Prostaglandins and congeners. 14. Synthesis and bronchodilator activity
of dl-16,16-trimethyleneprostaglandins

AU Skotnicki, Jerauld S.; Schaub, Robert E.; Weiss, Martin J.; Dessy, F.

CS Lederle Lab., Am. Cyanamid Co., Pearl River, N. Y., USA

SO J. Med. Chem. (1977), 20(8), 1042-7

CODEN: JMCMAR

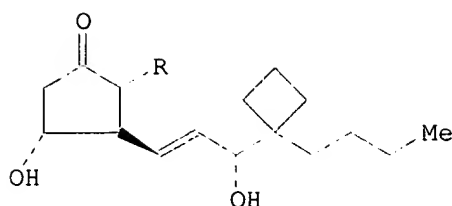
DT Journal

LA English

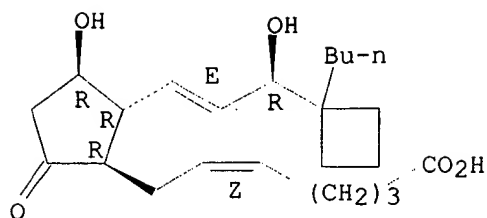
CC 2-3 (Hormone Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 24

GI

I, R=(CH₂)₆CO₂HII, R=Z-CH=CH(CH₂)₃CO₂H

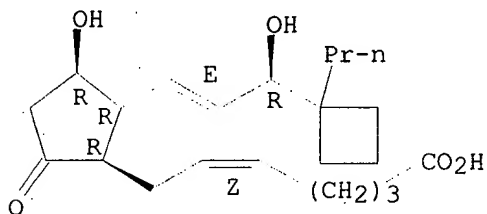
- AB A series of 33 title compds. was prepd. by the lithiocuprate conjugate addn. of a fully elaborated .beta. chain to the several cyclopentenones with varying .alpha. chains. The bronchodilator effect of the compds. was detd. by i.v. administration to guinea pigs previously treated with serotonin, histamine, or acetylcholine. The most active compds., dl-16,16-**trimethyleneprostaglandin** E1 (I) [63357-23-3] and dl-16,16-**trimethyleneprostaglandin** E2 (II) [62446-43-9], gave results comparable to l-prostaglandin E1. Structure-activity relations are discussed.
- ST bronchodilator prostaglandin cyclic **trimethylene** analog;
trimethyleneprostaglandin analog bronchodilator
- IT Bronchodilators
(prostaglandin cyclic **trimethylene** analogs)
- IT Molecular structure-biological activity relationship
(bronchodilating, of prostaglandin cyclic **trimethylene** analogs)
- IT Prostaglandins
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(cyclic **trimethylene** analogs, prepn. and bronchodilator activity of)
- IT 41264-03-3 50999-85-4
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(alkylation of)
- IT 40899-59-0
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(oxidn. of)
- IT 40098-44-0P 63295-68-1P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and alkylation of)
- IT 363-24-6DP, cyclic **trimethylene** analog 745-65-3DP, cyclic **trimethylene** analog 62407-92-5P 62446-40-6P 62446-41-7P
62446-42-8P 62446-43-9P 63295-70-5P 63295-71-6P
63295-72-7P 63295-73-8P 63295-74-9P 63295-75-0P 63295-76-1P
63295-77-2P 63295-78-3P 63295-79-4P 63295-80-7P 63295-81-8P
63357-23-3P 63357-24-4P 63357-25-5P 63357-26-6P
63357-27-7P 63357-28-8P 63357-29-9P 63357-30-2P 63357-31-3P
63357-32-4P 63357-33-5P 63357-34-6P 63357-35-7P 63357-36-8P
63492-48-8P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and bronchodilator activity of)
- IT 63295-67-0P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and cyclopentenone deriv. alkylation by)
- IT 40899-63-6P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and esterification of)
- IT 63295-69-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and hydrolysis of)
- IT 63295-66-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)



RN 63357-25-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-propylcyclobutyl)-1-propenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

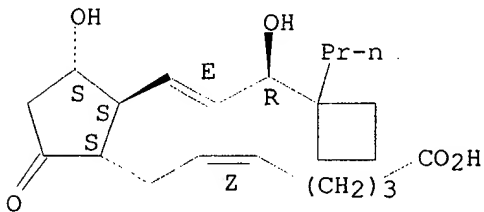
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 63357-26-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-propylcyclobutyl)-1-propenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L115 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1977:463008 HCAPLUS

DN 87:63008

TI Prostaglandins and congeners. 14. Synthesis and bronchodilator activity
of dl-16,16-trimethyleneprostaglandins

AU Skotnicki, Jerauld S.; Schaub, Robert E.; Weiss, Martin J.; Dessy, F.

CS Lederle Lab., Am. Cyanamid Co., Pearl River, N. Y., USA

SO J. Med. Chem. (1977), 20(8), 1042-7

CODEN: JMCMAR

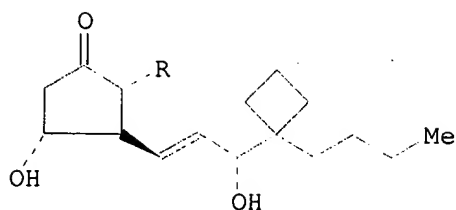
DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-3 (Hormone Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 24

GI

I, R=(CH₂)₆CO₂HII, R=z-CH=CH(CH₂)₃CO₂H

- AB A series of 33 title compds. was prepd. by the lithiocuprate conjugate addn. of a fully elaborated .beta. chain to the several cyclopentenones with varying .alpha. chains. The bronchodilator effect of the compds. was detd. by i.v. administration to guinea pigs previously treated with serotonin, histamine, or acetylcholine. The most active compds., dl-16,16-trimethyleneprostaglandin E1 (I) [63357-23-3] and dl-16,16-trimethyleneprostaglandin E2 (II) [62446-43-9], gave results comparable to l-prostaglandin E1. Structure-activity relations are discussed.
- ST bronchodilator prostaglandin cyclic **trimethylene** analog;
trimethyleneprostaglandin analog bronchodilator
- IT Bronchodilators
(prostaglandin cyclic **trimethylene** analogs)
- IT Molecular structure-biological activity relationship
(bronchodilating, of prostaglandin cyclic **trimethylene** analogs)
- IT Prostaglandins
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(cyclic **trimethylene** analogs, prepn. and bronchodilator activity of)
- IT 41264-03-3 50999-85-4
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(alkylation of)
- IT 40899-59-0
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(oxidn. of)
- IT 40098-44-0P 63295-68-1P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and alkylation of)
- IT 363-24-6DP, cyclic **trimethylene** analog 745-65-3DP, cyclic **trimethylene** analog 62407-92-5P 62446-40-6P 62446-41-7P
62446-42-8P 62446-43-9P 63295-70-5P 63295-71-6P
63295-72-7P 63295-73-8P 63295-74-9P 63295-75-0P 63295-76-1P
63295-77-2P 63295-78-3P 63295-79-4P 63295-80-7P 63295-81-8P
63357-23-3P 63357-24-4P **63357-25-5P 63357-26-6P**
63357-27-7P 63357-28-8P 63357-29-9P 63357-30-2P 63357-31-3P
63357-32-4P 63357-33-5P 63357-34-6P 63357-35-7P 63357-36-8P
63492-48-8P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and bronchodilator activity of)
- IT 63295-67-0P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and cyclopentenone deriv. alkylation by)
- IT 40899-63-6P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and esterification of)
- IT 63295-69-2P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and hydrolysis of)
- IT 63295-66-9P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

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L171 ANSWER 1 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 19313-28-1 REGISTRY

CN Prostan-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (11.alpha.,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 3-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxyoctyl)-5-oxo-, stereoisomer (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (15S)-Dihydroprostaglandin E1

CN 11,15-Dihydroxy-9-ketoprostanic acid

CN 11.alpha.,15-Dihydroxy-9-oxoprostanic acid

CN 13,14-Dihydro-PGE1

CN 13,14-Dihydroprostaglandin E1

CN Dihydro-PGE1

CN Dihydroprostaglandin E1

CN PGE0

CN **prostaglandin E0**

CN U 23307

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 23923-86-6, 19338-39-7, 23452-94-0, 23621-67-2, 5094-13-3, 28527-86-8

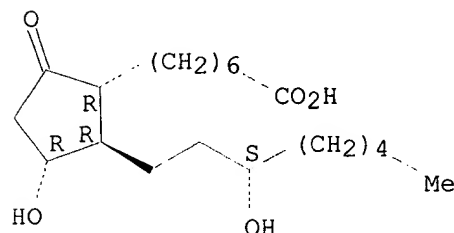
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CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSChem, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDb, IPA, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

97 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

97 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:333176

REFERENCE 2: 137:88720

REFERENCE 3: 136:145563

REFERENCE 4: 136:694

REFERENCE 5: 135:231699

REFERENCE 6: 135:190765

Jan Delaval
Reference Librarian
Biotechnology & Chemical Library
CM1 1E07 - 703-308-4498
jan.delaval@uspto.gov

REFERENCE 7: 135:147536

REFERENCE 8: 135:56407

REFERENCE 9: 135:29385

REFERENCE 10: 133:271683

L171 ANSWER 2 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 10164-73-5 REGISTRY

CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (9.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-,
stereoisomer (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN PGF1.beta.

CN Prostaglandin F1.beta.

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 21562-48-1, 28977-21-1

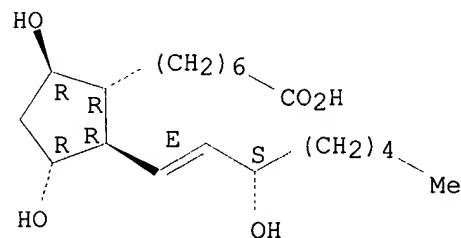
MF C20 H36 O5

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU,
IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

64 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

64 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 128:132260

REFERENCE 2: 115:223767

REFERENCE 3: 109:92548

REFERENCE 4: 101:222865

REFERENCE 5: 101:129876

REFERENCE 6: 97:72140

REFERENCE 7: 96:15330

REFERENCE 8: 96:976

REFERENCE 9: 96:975

REFERENCE 10: 95:164870

L171 ANSWER 3 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 4510-16-1 REGISTRY

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
(5Z,9.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)cyclopentyl]-,
stereoisomer (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 7-[3.alpha.,5.beta.-Dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)cyclopentyl]-5-
heptenoic acid

CN 9.beta.,11.alpha.-PGF2.alpha.

CN PGF2.beta.

CN **Prostaglandin F2.beta.**

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 89847-01-8

MF C20 H34 O5

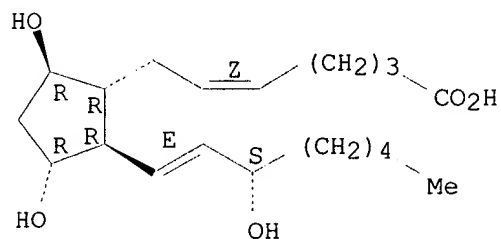
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LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM,
DDFU, DRUGU, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, RTECS*, TOXCENTER,
USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

163 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

164 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 135:147536

REFERENCE 2: 135:730

REFERENCE 3: 134:361713

REFERENCE 4: 133:161954

REFERENCE 5: 133:924

REFERENCE 6: 131:295642

REFERENCE 7: 131:252650
 REFERENCE 8: 130:320932
 REFERENCE 9: 130:205253
 REFERENCE 10: 130:119579

L171 ANSWER 4 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 802-31-3 REGISTRY

CN Prosta-5,13,17-trien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-,
 (5Z,11.alpha.,13E,15S,17Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1,5-octadienyl)-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, stereoisomer (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Prostaglandin E3

CN PGE3

CN Prostaglandin E3

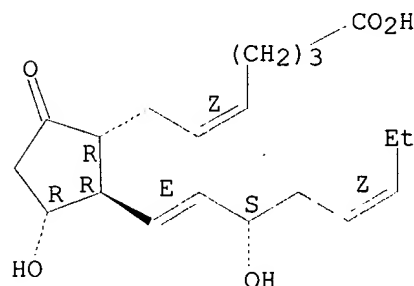
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H30 O5

CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, NAPRALERT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

155 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

155 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

11 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:333176
 REFERENCE 2: 137:307621
 REFERENCE 3: 137:246360
 REFERENCE 4: 137:195936
 REFERENCE 5: 136:406871
 REFERENCE 6: 136:145563

REFERENCE 7: 136:64154
REFERENCE 8: 136:17461
REFERENCE 9: 135:231699
REFERENCE 10: 135:147536

L171 ANSWER 5 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 745-65-3 REGISTRY

CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 3-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-5-oxo-, (-)-
(8CI)

CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 3.alpha.-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-5-oxo-
(7CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Prostaglandin E1

CN 11.alpha.,15(S)-Dihydroxy-9-oxo-13-trans-prostenoic acid

CN 11.alpha.,15.alpha.-Dihydroxy-9-oxo-13-trans-prostenoic acid

CN Alprostadil

CN Alprox TD

CN Caverject

CN 1-PGE1

CN 1-Prostaglandin E1

CN Lipoprost

CN ONO 1608

CN Palux

CN PGE1

CN **Prostaglandin E1**

CN Prostandin

CN Prostandin 500

CN SEPA-alprostadil

CN SEPA-PGE1

CN SEPA-prostaglandin E1

CN Topiglan

CN U 10136

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 50-83-9, 22299-37-2, 50865-30-0

MF C20 H34 O5

CI COM

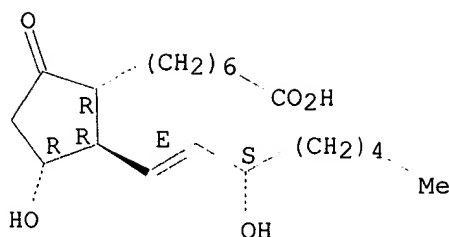
LC STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGNL,
DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA,
MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH,
PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

8388 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 140 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 8393 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:336101
 REFERENCE 2: 137:333176
 REFERENCE 3: 137:320617
 REFERENCE 4: 137:289308
 REFERENCE 5: 137:284137
 REFERENCE 6: 137:276102
 REFERENCE 7: 137:268473
 REFERENCE 8: 137:268468
 REFERENCE 9: 137:268402
 REFERENCE 10: 137:261859

L171 ANSWER 6 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 745-64-2 REGISTRY

CN Prosta-5,13,17-trien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
 (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S,17Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1,5-octadienyl)cyclopentyl]-, stereoisomer (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN PGF3.alpha.

CN **Prostaglandin F3.alpha.**

FS STEREOSEARCH

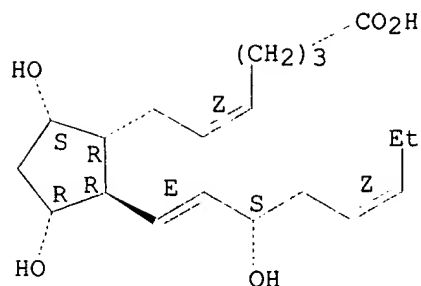
DR 27954-06-9

MF C20 H32 O5

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU,
 IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, MEDLINE, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

53 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 53 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:333176
 REFERENCE 2: 136:145563
 REFERENCE 3: 135:231699
 REFERENCE 4: 135:133281
 REFERENCE 5: 135:730
 REFERENCE 6: 133:271683
 REFERENCE 7: 133:161954
 REFERENCE 8: 132:217154
 REFERENCE 9: 131:139614
 REFERENCE 10: 130:343052

L171 ANSWER 7 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 745-62-0 REGISTRY

CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)- (8CI)

CN **Prostaglandin F1 (7CI)**

OTHER NAMES:

CN 9.alpha.,11.alpha.,15(S)-Trihydroxy-13-trans-prostenoic acid

CN PGF1.alpha.

CN **Prostaglandin F1.alpha.**

CN U 18714

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 21562-44-7

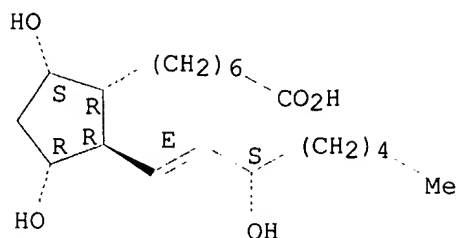
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CI COM

LC STN Files: AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CHEMCATS, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU,
 EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT,
 NIOSHTIC, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

927 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 927 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 26 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:336040
 REFERENCE 2: 137:333176
 REFERENCE 3: 137:198587
 REFERENCE 4: 137:91724
 REFERENCE 5: 137:68169
 REFERENCE 6: 137:62644
 REFERENCE 7: 136:406871
 REFERENCE 8: 136:384140
 REFERENCE 9: 136:367424
 REFERENCE 10: 136:350707

L171 ANSWER 8 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 551-11-1 REGISTRY

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
 (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)cyclopentyl]-
 (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (+)-Prostaglandin F2.alpha.

CN 7-[3,5-Dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)cyclopentyl]-5-heptenoic acid

CN 9.alpha.,11.alpha.,15(S)-Trihydroxy-5-cis-13-trans-prostadienoic acid

CN 9.alpha.,11.alpha.-PGF2

CN Amoglandin

CN Cyclosin

CN Cyclosin (pharmaceutical)

CN Dinoprost

CN Enzaprost

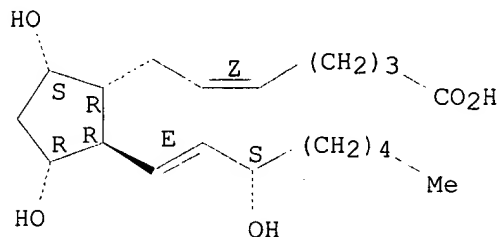
CN Enzaprost F

CN Panacelan

CN PGF2.alpha.

CN Prostaglandin F2
 CN Prostaglandin F2.alpha.
 CN Prostarmon F
 CN Prostine F 2 alpha
 CN Protamodin
 CN U 14583
 FS STEREOSEARCH
 DR 13535-33-6, 99437-94-2
 MF C20 H34 O5
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT,
 IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*,
 SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: WHO

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

12980 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
 145 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 12988 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:333482
 REFERENCE 2: 137:333442
 REFERENCE 3: 137:320613
 REFERENCE 4: 137:320430
 REFERENCE 5: 137:316113
 REFERENCE 6: 137:308502
 REFERENCE 7: 137:291927
 REFERENCE 8: 137:289311
 REFERENCE 9: 137:289310
 REFERENCE 10: 137:289304

L171 ANSWER 9 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 363-24-6 REGISTRY

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-,

(5Z,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-5-oxocyclopentyl]- (8CI)

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3.alpha.-hydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-1-octenyl)-5-oxocyclopentyl]- (7CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (-)-Prostaglandin E2

CN (15S)-Prostaglandin E2

CN 11.alpha.,15.alpha.-Dihydroxy-9-ketoprost-5,13-dienoic acid

CN 11.alpha.,15.alpha.-Dihydroxy-9-oxo-5-cis,13-trans-prostadienoic acid

CN Cervidil

CN Dinoprostone

CN 1-PGE2

CN 1-Prostaglandin E2

CN Minprostin E2

CN PGE2

CN Prepidil

CN **Prostaglandin E2**

CN Prostenon

CN Prostenone

CN Prostin

CN Prostin (prostaglandin)

CN Prostin E2

CN U 12062

CN U 42842

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C20 H32 O5

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU

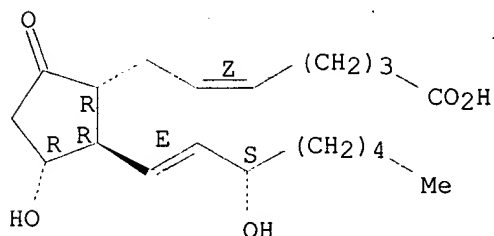
(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS**, WHO

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

22848 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)

114 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

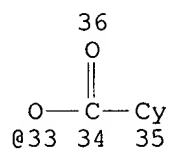
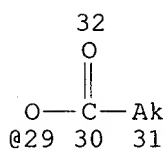
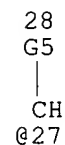
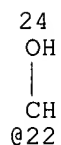
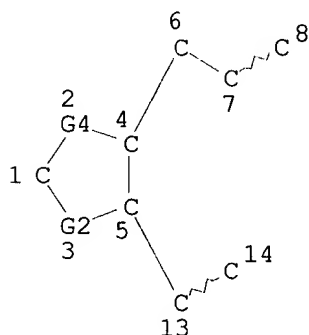
22886 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:342115

REFERENCE 2: 137:336737
 REFERENCE 3: 137:336735
 REFERENCE 4: 137:336693
 REFERENCE 5: 137:336674
 REFERENCE 6: 137:336610
 REFERENCE 7: 137:336374
 REFERENCE 8: 137:336086
 REFERENCE 9: 137:336084
 REFERENCE 10: 137:336040

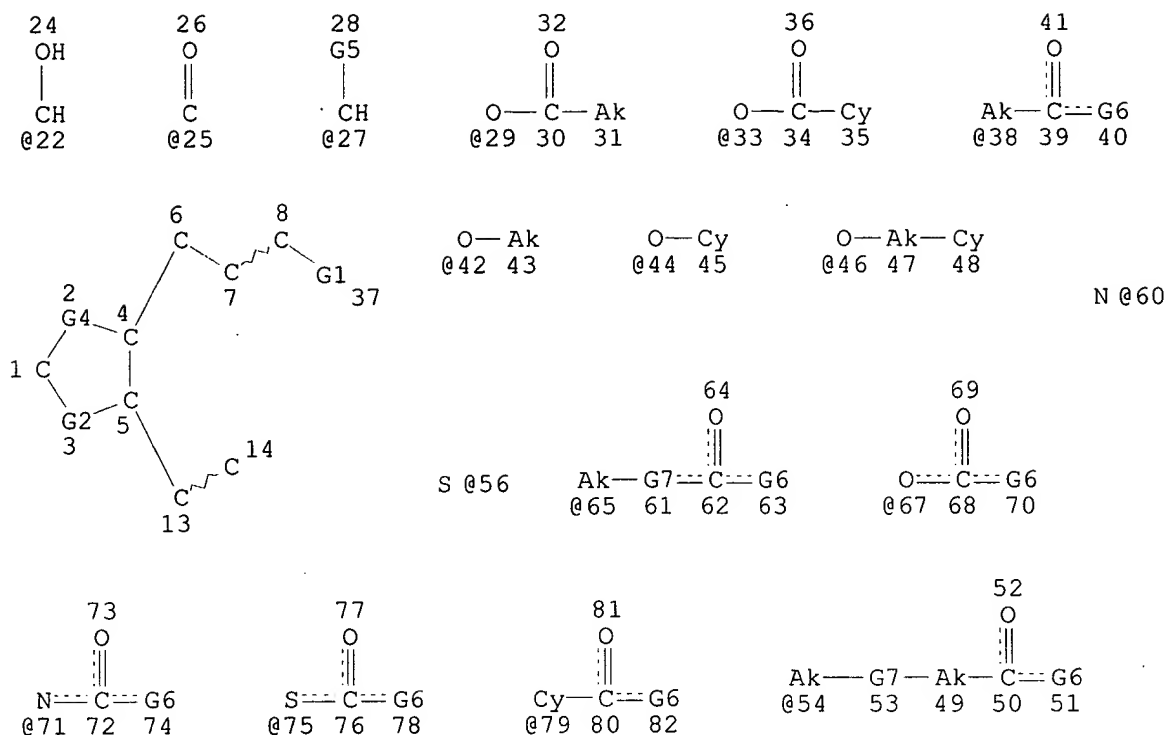
=> d sta que 162
 L52 STR



VAR G2=CH2/27
 VAR G4=22/25
 VAR G5=ME/ET/OH/OME/29/33
 NODE ATTRIBUTES:
 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 8
 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 14
 CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 35
 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
 RSPEC 4
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 24

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
 L55 15252 SEA FILE=REGISTRY CSS FUL L52
 L61 STR



VAR G1=38/65/54/67/71/75/79

VAR G2=CH2/27

VAR G4=22/25

VAR G5=ME/ET/OH/OME/29/33

VAR G6=OH/42/44/46

VAR G7=O/60/56/CY

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 14

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 56

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 60

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 71

CONNECT IS M1 RC AT 75

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC 4

NUMBER OF NODES IS 65

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L62 9692 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L55 CSS FUL L61

100.0% PROCESSED 15252 ITERATIONS

9692 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.03

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:10:06 ON 04 DEC 2002)
SET COST OFF

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:10:27 ON 04 DEC 2002
E STJERNSCHANTZ J/AU

L1 83 S E3-E7
E RESUL B/AU
L2 50 S E3,E4
E LAKE S/AU
L3 28 S E3-E7,E11
E WO98-SE1368/AP, PRN
L4 1 S E3,E4
E SE97-2706/AP, PRN
L5 1 S E4
L6 1 S L1-L3 AND L4,L5
SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:12:29 ON 04 DEC 2002

L7 38 S E1-E38
L8 13 S L7 AND 46.150.18/RID AND F/ELS
L9 5 S L8 AND C5/ES
L10 2 S L9 NOT SI/ELS
L11 8 S L8 NOT L9
L12 3 S L11 AND 3/NR
L13 1 S L12 NOT SI/ELS
L14 25 S L7 NOT L8-L13
L15 9 S L14 AND C5/ES
L16 6 S L15 NOT SI/ELS
L17 2 S L16 AND 1/NR
L18 1 S L17 NOT 4510-16-1
L19 28 S L7 NOT SI/ELS
L20 24 S L19 AND NR>=1
L21 11 S L20 AND (C7H12O2 OR C9H16O OR C7H6BRF OR C11H18O OR C9H19N OR
L22 13 S L20 NOT L21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:21:17 ON 04 DEC 2002

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:22:51 ON 04 DEC 2002

L23 8 S (PGE2 OR PGE 2 OR PROSTA?) (L) TRIMETHYLENE
L24 1 S L23 (L) "E2"
L25 7 S L23 NOT L24
L26 3 S TRIMETHYLENEPROSTAGLAN?

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:26:02 ON 04 DEC 2002

L27 1 S 63357-23-3
L28 1 S 62446-43-9

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:35:01 ON 04 DEC 2002

L29 23468 S PGE2 OR PGE 2
L30 1902 S PG (L) "E2"
L31 14085 S PROSTAGLANDIN? (L) "E2"
L32 28658 S L29-L31
L33 121 S L32 (L) TRINOR
L34 18 S L33 (L) 18 19 20
L35 18 S L34 (L) PHENYL
L36 0 S L34 (L) FLUOROPHENYL
L37 18 S L34 (L) PHENYL (L) 17
L38 6 S L37 (L) DIHYDRO
L39 6 S L38 (L) 13 14

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:40:55 ON 04 DEC 2002

L40 2 S 55122-62-8 OR 363-24-6

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:44:17 ON 04 DEC 2002

SET SMARTSELECT ON
L41 SEL L39 1- RN : 23 TERMS
SET SMARTSELECT OFF

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:44:18 ON 04 DEC 2002

L42 23 S L41
L43 21 S L42 NOT L40
L44 15 S L43 AND C5/ES
L45 3 S L44 AND 46.150.18/RID
E PHXA/CN
L46 1 S E6
E PROSTAGLANDIN E/CN
L47 4 S E3,E19,E20,E47
L48 1 S E102
L49 5 S L47,L48
E PROSTAGLANDIN F/CN
L50 2 S E12,E25
L51 5 S E15,E22,E26,E59,E65
L52 STR
L53 50 S L52 CSS
L54 STR L52
L55 15252 S L52 CSS FUL
SAV TEMP L55 FAY445/A
L56 STR L54
L57 50 S L56 CSS SAM SUB=L55
L58 9612 S L56 CSS FUL SUB=L55
SAV TEMP L58 FAY445A/A
L59 STR L54
L60 0 S L59 CSS SAM SUB=L58
L61 STR L56
L62 9692 S L61 CSS FUL SUB=L55
SAV TEMP L62 FAY445B/A
L63 1 S L59 CSS SAM SUB=L62
L64 1 S L59 SAM SUB=L62
L65 39 S L59 FUL SUB=L62
SAV L65 FAY445C/A
L66 3501 S L55 AND 46.150.18/RID
L67 558 S L66 AND F/ELS
L68 236 S L67 AND 1/F
L69 214 S L68 AND 2/NR
L70 182 S L69 NOT (SI OR P OR N OR S)/ELS
L71 11 S L70 AND 3 FLUOROPHENYL
L72 48 S L55 AND TRINOR
L73 2 S L72 AND (PGE2 OR "E2")
L74 3 S L71 AND (C26H37FO5 OR C23H33FO5 OR C23H31FO5)
L75 STR
L76 0 S L75 CSS SAM SUB=L55
L77 4 S L75 CSS FUL SUB=L55
SAV L77 FAY445D/A
L78 2 S L77 NOT C23H25FO5
L79 1 S L44 AND C23H38O5
L80 0 S L44 AND TRIMETHYLENE
L81 1 S L55 AND TRIMETHYLENE
L82 STR L75
L83 22 S L82 CSS SAM SUB=L55
L84 434 S L82 CSS FUL SUB=L55
SAV FAY4453/A L84
L85 STR L82
L86 STR L85
L87 993 S L86 CSS FUL SUB=L55
SAV L87 FAY445E/A
L88 2 S L42 AND L87
L89 49 S L87 AND C4/ES
L90 27 S L89 AND 2/NR
L91 STR L86
L92 783 S L91 CSS FUL SUB=L87
SAV L92 FAY445F/A

L93 23 S L92 AND C4/ES AND 2/NR
SEL RN 3-7
L94 18 S L93 NOT E1-E5
L95 20 S L78,L94
L96 8 S L7 AND L55
L97 24 S L95,L96
L98 4 S L96 NOT L95
L99 2 S L98 NOT (4510-16-1 OR 38315-43-4)
L100 22 S L95,L99

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:53:47 ON 04 DEC 2002

L101 11 S L100
L102 11 S L101 AND (PY<=1997 OR PRY<=1997 OR AY<=1997)
L103 4 S L102 AND (?GLAUCOM? OR ?OCULAR? OR ?HYPERTENS? OR EYE)
L104 3 S L103 AND ?GLAUCOM?
E GLAUCOMA/CT
E E4+ALL
L105 2852 S E5,E4+NT
L106 4484 S E6,E7,E8,E9/BI
E E10+ALL
L107 937 S E3
E GLAUCOMA/CT
E E3+ALL
L108 146 S E15
L109 178 S E20,E21
L110 3 S L102 AND L105-L109
L111 3 S L104,L110
L112 2 S L1-L6 AND L102
L113 3 S L111,L112
L114 8 S L102 NOT L113
L115 3 S L114 AND TRIMETHYLENE?
SEL RN L113

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:59:44 ON 04 DEC 2002

L116 69 S E1-E69
L117 21 S L55 AND L116
L118 16 S L100 NOT L117
L119 15 S L117 NOT L100

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:01:26 ON 04 DEC 2002

L120 39837 S L62
L121 33885 S L120 AND (PY<=1997 OR PRY<=1997 OR AY<=1997)
L122 177 S L121 AND L105-L109
L123 170 S L121 AND ?GLAUCOM?
L124 97 S L121 AND ?OCULAR?(L)?HYPERTEN?
L125 196 S L122,L123,L124
L126 104 S L125 AND P/DT
L127 96 S L126 AND (US/PC OR US/PRC OR US/AC)
L128 88 S L127 AND (PD<=19970711 OR PRD<=19970711 OR AD<=19970711)
L129 83 S L128 AND ?GLAUCOM?
L130 5 S L128 NOT L129
L131 4 S L130 AND ?HYPOTENS?
L132 1 S L130 NOT L131
L133 88 S L128-L132
SEL HIT RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:05:40 ON 04 DEC 2002

L134 506 S E70-E575
L135 26 S L134 AND NC>=2
L136 0 S L134 AND IDS/CI
L137 18 S L134 AND (MXS OR PMS)/CI
L138 25 S L134 AND (COMPD OR WITH OR UNSPECIFIED)
L139 480 S L134 NOT L135-L138

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:09:01 ON 04 DEC 2002

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:09:14 ON 04 DEC 2002

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:09:17 ON 04 DEC 2002

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:09:31 ON 04 DEC 2002

L140 3 S L117 AND L113
L141 37416 S L139
L142 702 S L141 AND US/PC AND (PD<=19970711 OR PRD<=19970711 OR AD<=1997
L143 74 S L142 AND L105-L109
L144 80 S L142 AND (?GLAUCOM? OR ?OCULAR?(L) (?HYPERTENS? OR ?HYPOTENS?
L145 80 S L143,L144

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:13:21 ON 04 DEC 2002

L146 79 S L145 NOT L115,L140
L147 58 S L146 AND (GLAUCOM? OR OCULAR OR HYPERTENS? OR HYPOTENS? OR IN
L148 21 S L146 NOT L147
E PROSTANOID RECEPTOR/CT
L149 183 S E7
E E4+ALL
L150 1203 S E5,E6,E10,E27
L151 310 S PROSTANOID(L)RECEPTOR(L)EP1
L152 10 S L149-L151 AND L125
L153 2 S L145 AND EP1
L154 10 S L152,L153
L155 9 S L154 NOT L115,L140
SEL HIT RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:21:47 ON 04 DEC 2002

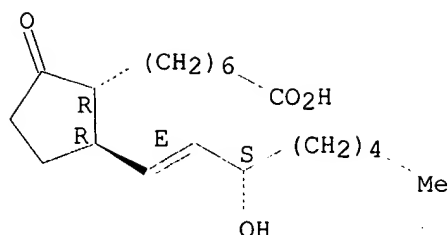
L156 64 S E1-E64
L157 62 S L156 NOT SI/ELS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:23:04 ON 04 DEC 2002

L158 29845 S L157
L159 806 S L158 AND L149-L151
L160 275 S L159 AND EP1
L161 132 S L160 AND (PD<=19970711 OR PRD<=19970711 OR AD<=19970711)
L162 2 S L161 AND L105-L109
L163 21 S L161 AND (?GLAUCOM? OR ?OCULAR? OR EYE)
L164 9 S L161 AND (?HYPOTENS? OR ?HYPERTENS? OR PRESSURE)
L165 9 S L162,L164
L166 14 S L163 NOT L165
L167 5 S L155 NOT L165
L168 4 S L167 NOT DP/TI
L169 13 S L165,L168

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:29:54 ON 04 DEC 2002

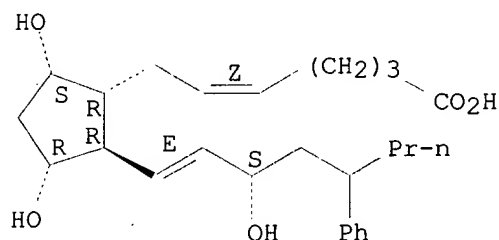
L170 10 S L49,L50,L51
L171 9 S L170 AND C5/ES



RN 55582-75-7 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-17-phenyl-,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 5 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:786104 HCAPLUS

DN 123:189195

TI Molecular characterization and ocular hypotensive properties of the
prostanoid EP2 receptor

AU Woodward, D. F.; Bogardus, A. M.; Donello, J. E.; Fairbairn, C. E.; Gil,
D. W.; Kedzie, K. M.; Burke, J. A.; Kharlamb, A.; Runde, E.; et al.

CS Dep. of Biosciences and Medicinal Chemistry, Allergan Inc., Irvine, CA,
USA

SO Journal of Ocular Pharmacology and Therapeutics (1995), 11(3),
447-54

CODEN: JOPTFU; ISSN: 1080-7683

PB Liebert

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The cloning of the genes that encode for prostaglandin (PG) receptors has
resolved much of the complexity and controversy in this area by confirming
the classification proposed by R.A. Coleman; et al. (1994). Two issues
that remained unresolved were (1) the inability of the EP2 agonist
butaprost to interact with the cloned putative EP2 receptor and (2) mol.
biol. confirmations of a 4th PGF2-sensitive receptor, which was pharmacol.
designated EP4. To provide clarification, the authors attempted to clone
further PGE2-sensitive receptors. By using a cDNA probe that encodes for
the human EP3A receptor, a cDNA clone that encoded for a novel
PGE2-sensitive receptor was obtained by screening a human placenta
library. This cDNA clone was transfected into COS-7 cells for pharmacol.
studies. The cDNA clone obtained from human placenta had only .apprx.30%
amino acid identity with cDNAs for other PG receptors, including those
that encode for the previously proposed murine and human EP2 receptors.
Radioligand binding studies on the novel EP receptor expressed in COS-7
cells revealed that selective EP2 agonists such as butaprost, AH 13205, AY

23626 and 19(R)-OH PGE2 all competed with 3H-PGE2 for its binding sites, whereas selective agonists for other PG receptor subtypes had minimal or no effect. This receptor was coupled to adenylate cyclase and EP2 agonists caused dose-related increased in cAMP. It appears that the cDNA described herein encodes for the pharmacol. defined EP2 receptor.

Ocular studies revealed that AH 13205 decreased intraocular pressure in normal and ocular hypertensive monkeys by a mechanism that does not appear to be involve inhibition of aq. humor secretion.

ST eye ocular pressure prostaglandin EP2 receptor; AH 13205 ocular pressure
IT Eye

(mol. characterization and ocular hypotensive properties of the prostanoid EP2 receptor)

IT **Prostaglandin receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(EP2, mol. characterization and ocular hypotensive properties of the prostanoid EP2 receptor)

IT **Receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(prostaglandin EP2, mol. characterization and ocular hypotensive properties of the prostanoid EP2 receptor)

IT 60-92-4, CAMP

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(mol. characterization and ocular hypotensive properties of the prostanoid EP2 receptor)

IT 363-24-6, PGE2 148436-63-9, AH 13205

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(mol. characterization and ocular hypotensive properties of the prostanoid EP2 receptor)

IT 9012-42-4, Adenylate cyclase

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(mol. characterization and ocular hypotensive properties of the prostanoid EP2 receptor)

IT 363-24-6, PGE2

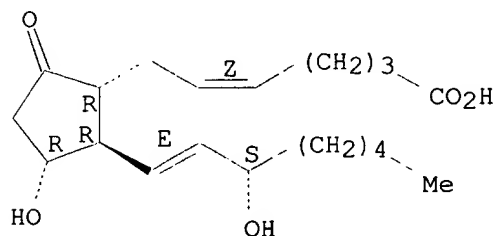
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(mol. characterization and ocular hypotensive properties of the prostanoid EP2 receptor)

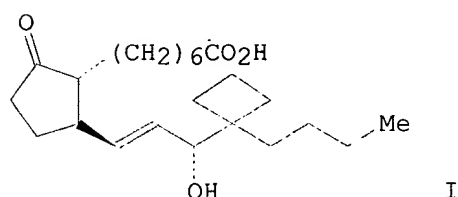
RN 363-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-,
(5Z,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L115 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1980:792 HCAPLUS
 DN 92:792
 TI Prostaglandin E antagonist activity of 11-deoxy-16,16-
trimethyleneprostaglandin E1
 AU Birnbaum, J. E.; Tolman, E. L.
 CS Biol. Res. Dep., Am. Cyanamid Co., Pearl River, NY, 10965, USA
 SO Prostaglandins (1979), 18(3), 349-57
 CODEN: PRGLBA; ISSN: 0090-6980
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 2-3 (Hormone Pharmacology)
 GI

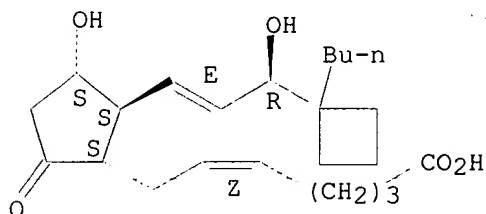


AB dl-11-Deoxy-16,16-**trimethyleneprostaglandin E1** (I) [63357-23-3]
 was a potent inhibitor of prostaglandin E-induced contractions of the
 gerbil colon. The antagonism was directed specifically against the
 prostaglandin E receptor and was not manifested when contractions were
 induced by either PGF2.alpha. or acetylcholine.
 ST prostaglandin E antagonist intestine; deoxytrimethyleneprostaglandin E1
 PGE inhibitor
 IT Prostaglandins
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (E, inhibitor of, deoxytrimethyleneprostaglandin E1 as, in intestine)
 IT Intestine
 (colon, contraction of, deoxytrimethyleneprostaglandin E1 effect on)
 IT Molecular structure-biological activity relationship
 (prostaglandin E-inhibiting, of **trimethylene** prostaglandins)
 IT 62407-92-5 62446-41-7 **62446-43-9** 63295-71-6 63295-77-2
 63295-79-4 63295-81-8 63357-23-3 63357-24-4 **63357-25-5**
63357-26-6 63357-28-8 63357-30-2 63357-32-4 63357-34-6
 63357-36-8 71953-84-9 71953-85-0 71953-86-1 72002-66-5
 72002-67-6 72002-68-7
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (as prostaglandin E antagonist, in intestine)
 IT **62446-43-9 63357-25-5 63357-26-6**
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (as prostaglandin E antagonist, in intestine)
 RN 62446-43-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[2-[3-(1-butylcyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-1-propenyl]-3-
 hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.]- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.

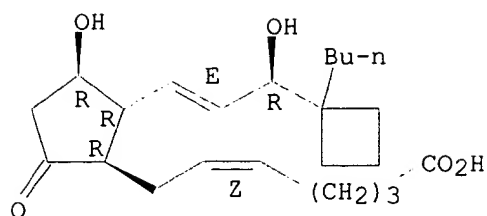
- (prepn. and iodination of)
- IT 40899-61-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and isomerization of)
- IT 63295-65-8P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and oxidn. of)
- IT 62407-83-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and reaction with lithium acetylide)
- IT 62407-82-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and redn. of)
- IT 62407-84-5P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and trimethylsilylation of)
- IT 63502-09-0P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)
- IT 542-69-8
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(reaction of, with butyllithium and acylobutane carboxylate)
- IT 14924-53-9
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(reaction of, with butyllithium and iodobutane)
- IT 62446-42-8P 62446-43-9P 63357-25-5P
63357-26-6P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and bronchodilator activity of)
- RN 62446-42-8 HCAPLUS
- CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[2-[3-(1-butylcyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-1-propenyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



- RN 62446-43-9 HCAPLUS
- CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[2-[3-(1-butylcyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-1-propenyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.]- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

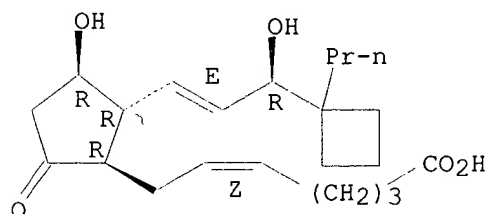
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 63357-25-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-propylcyclobutyl)-1-propenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

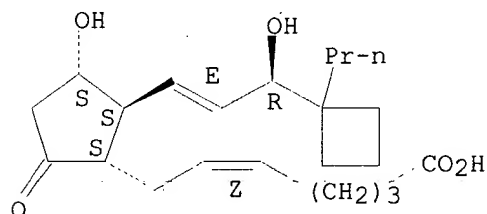
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 63357-26-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3-hydroxy-2-[3-hydroxy-3-(1-propylcyclobutyl)-1-propenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.]-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L115 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1977:155256 HCAPLUS

DN 86:155256

TI 16,16-Spirocycloalkylprostaglandins

IN Schaub, Robert E.; Weiss, Martin J.

PA American Cyanamid Co., USA

SO Ger. Offen., 250 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC C07C177-00

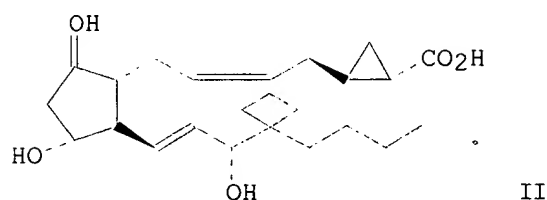
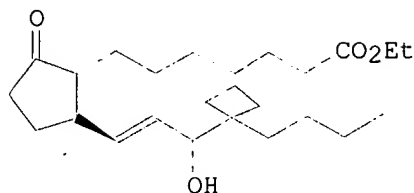
CC 24-4 (Alicyclic Compounds)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI	DE 2629644	A1	19770120	DE 1976-2629644	19760701 <--
	US 4028396	A	19770607	US 1975-592494	19750702 <--
	GB 1560121	A	19791219	GB 1976-26409	19760624 <--
	BE 843679	A1	19770103	BE 1976-168550	19760701 <--
	NL 7607337	A	19770104	NL 1976-7337	19760702 <--
	JP 52007941	A2	19770121	JP 1976-78828	19760702 <--
	FR 2342724	A1	19770930	FR 1976-20333	19760702 <--
	US 4178461	A	19791211	US 1977-778302	19770316 <--
PRAI	US 1975-592494		19750702 <--		
GI					



AB Title prostaglandins (e.g., I and II) were prepd. by modifications of conventional syntheses, using building blocks for the side chains such as 1-butylcyclobutanecarboxylic acid (via ethynylation of the corresponding aldehyde) and 2-(2-chloroethyl)cyclopropanecarboxylic acid.

ST spiroalkyleneprostaglandin; bronchodilator spiroalkyleneprostaglandin; gastric juice spiroalkyleneprostaglandin; prostaglandin spiroalkylene

IT Bronchodilators
(prostaglandin 16,16-**trimethylene** derivs.)

IT Gastric juice
(secretion of, inhibition of by prostaglandin 16,16-**trimethylene** derivs.)

IT Prostaglandins
(derivs., 2,3-methano and 16,16-**trimethylene**)

IT 542-69-8
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(alkylation of ethyl cyclobutanecarboxylate with)

IT 14924-53-9
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(alkylation of, with butyl iodide)

IT 75-24-1
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(metalation with, in prostaglandin synthesis)

IT 41301-95-5
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(oxidn. of)

IT 20039-37-6
RL: RCT (Reactant)
(oxidn. of 2-(5-hydroxy-1-pentyl)-2-cyclopenten-1-one N-methyl oxime with)

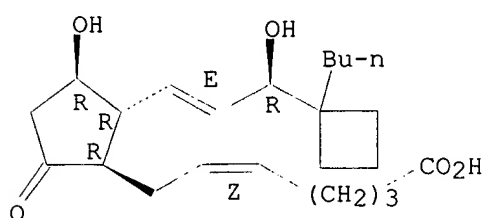
IT 62407-83-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and ethynylation of)

IT 62407-82-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and hydride redn. of)
 IT 62407-95-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and hydrolysis of)
 IT 62407-85-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and iodination of)
 IT 20434-34-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and oxidn. of)
 IT 62407-94-7P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and partial hydrogenation of)
 IT 62443-81-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and partial hydrolysis of)
 IT 62407-86-7P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and partial redn. of)
 IT 62408-17-7P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and reaction with sodium iodide)
 IT 62408-18-8P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and reaction with triphenylphosphine)
 IT 62408-16-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and sapon. of)
 IT 62407-84-5P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and silylation of)
 IT 62379-23-1P 62379-24-2P 62387-61-5P 62407-88-9P 62407-90-3P
 62407-99-2P 62408-19-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and use in prostaglandin synthesis)
 IT 58148-69-9P **58148-71-3P** 58148-74-6P 62407-87-8P
 62407-89-0P 62407-91-4P 62407-92-5P 62407-93-6P 62407-96-9P
 62407-97-0P 62407-98-1P 62408-08-6P 62408-09-7P 62408-10-0P
 62408-11-1P 62408-12-2P 62408-13-3P 62408-14-4P 62408-15-5P
 62408-24-6P 62443-82-7P 62446-40-6P 62446-41-7P **62446-42-8P**
62446-43-9P 62446-44-0P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)
 IT 60934-42-1P 62408-00-8P 62408-01-9P 62408-02-0P 62408-03-1P
 62408-04-2P 62408-05-3P 62408-06-4P 62408-07-5P 62408-20-2P
 62408-21-3P 62408-22-4P 62408-23-5P 62408-25-7P 62408-26-8P
 62408-27-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of, as prostaglandin intermediate)
 IT 623-51-8
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (reaction of, with 2-[5-[(methylsulfonyl)oxy]pentyl]-2-cyclopenten-1-
 one N-methyl oxime)
 IT 1972-28-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (reaction of, with copper and 4-chloro-1-butene)
 IT 927-73-1
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (reaction of, with copper and ethyl diazoacetate)
 IT 41138-61-8
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (reaction of, with dihydropyran)

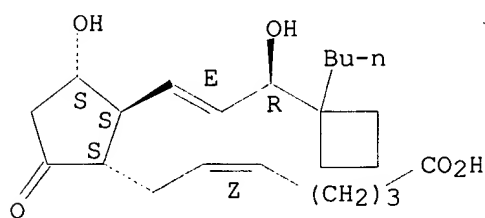
IT 52477-93-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (reaction of, with ethyl 2-mercaptoacetate)
 IT 1099-45-2 5367-24-8 19093-51-7 21591-31-1 40098-44-0 49826-07-5
 RL: RCT (Reactant)
 (use of, in prostaglandin synthesis)
 IT **58148-71-3P 62446-42-8P 62446-43-9P**
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)
 RN 58148-71-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[2-[3-(1-butylcyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-1-propenyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.]]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



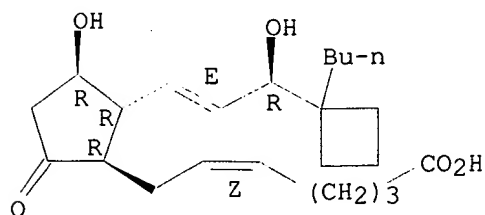
RN 62446-42-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[2-[3-(1-butylcyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-1-propenyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.]]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 62446-43-9 HCAPLUS
 CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[2-[3-(1-butylcyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-1-propenyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, [1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.]]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



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=>

=> d all hitstr tot 1169

L169 ANSWER 1 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 2002:770134 HCAPLUS

DN 137:279023

TI Preparation of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects

IN Burk, Robert M.; Krauss, Achim H. P.; Woodward, David F.

PA Allergan, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 18 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 331,356, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM C07D307-93

ICS A01K031-343

NCL 514469000

CC 26-3 (Biomolecules and Their Synthetic Analogs)

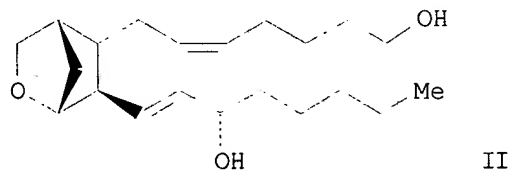
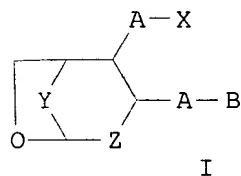
Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63

FAN.CNT 6

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 6462077	B1	20021008	US 2001-899713	20010705 <--
	US 5416106	A	19950516	US 1993-174534	19931228 <--
	US 5516791	A	19960514	US 1995-378414	19950126 <--
	US 5650431	A	19970722	US 1996-645467	19960513 <--
	US 5741812	A	19980421	US 1997-832431	19970402 <--
PRAI	US 1993-174534	A3	19931228	<--	
	US 1995-378414	A2	19950126	<--	
	US 1996-645467	A2	19960513	<--	
	US 1997-832431	A1	19970402	<--	
	US 1998-38068	B1	19980311		
	US 1999-331356	B2	19990616		

OS MARPAT 137:279023

GI



AB Thromboxane agonists of formula I [A = alkylene, alkenylene, etc.; B = Me, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc.; X = (substituted) CH₂OH, (substituted) CO₂H, etc.; Y = (CH₂)_n; n = 1-2; Z = (CH₂)_m; m = 0-1] are prepd. The compds. are used for the treatment of ocular **hypotension**, **hypertension**, hemorrhage, myocardial ischemia, angina pectoris, coronary contraction, cerebrovascular contraction after subarachnoidal hemorrhage, cerebral hemorrhage and asthma. Thus, II was prepd. from U-46619 in two steps. II exhibited pronounced activity in contracting vascular smooth muscle.

ST thromboxane ligand prepn ocular **hypotension**; hemorrhage treatment thromboxane agonist prepn

IT Thromboxanes

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES

(Uses)
 (agonists; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Heart, disease
 (angina pectoris; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Thromboxanes
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (antagonists; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Brain, disease
 (hemorrhage; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Heart, disease
 (ischemia; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT **Hypotension**
 (ocular; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Cell aggregation
 (platelet; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Asthma
 Cardiac contraction
 Hemorrhage
 Human
Hypertension
 (prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Thromboxane receptors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT **Hypertension**
 (pulmonary; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Meninges
 (subarachnoid hemorrhage; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Prostanoid receptors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (type EP; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT **Prostanoid receptors**
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (type **EP1**; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT Prostanoid receptors
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (type EP3; prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT 167270-44-2P
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT 159359-94-1P 159359-95-2P 159359-97-4P 159359-98-5P 167270-49-7P
 167270-51-1P 193149-59-6P 193149-60-9P 193149-61-0P 193149-62-1P
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT 75-31-0, Isopropylamine, reactions 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha.

3282-30-2, Trimethylacetyl chloride 56985-40-1, U-46619

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

IT 65147-38-8P 71845-64-2P 135877-48-4P

136198-86-2P 147555-69-9P 147555-72-4P 159359-93-0P

159359-96-3P 167270-42-0P 167270-43-1P 167270-45-3P 167270-46-4P

167270-47-5P 167270-48-6P 304854-64-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) Anon; EP 0364417 1990 HCAPLUS

(2) Bito; US 4599353 A 1986 HCAPLUS

(3) Bito, L; Applied Pharmacology in the Medical Treatment of Glaucomas 1984, P477 HCAPLUS

(4) Bito, L; Arch Ophthalmol 1987, V105, P1036 MEDLINE

(5) Burk; US 5416106 A 1995 HCAPLUS

(6) Burk; US 5516791 A 1996 HCAPLUS

(7) Burk; US 5741812 A 1998 HCAPLUS

(8) Burk; Tetrahedron Letters 1993, V34(3), P395 HCAPLUS

(9) Chan; US 4994274 A 1991 HCAPLUS

(10) Chan; US 5034413 A 1991 HCAPLUS

(11) Coleman, R; Br J Pharmacol V73, P773 HCAPLUS

(12) Grover; US 4931460 A 1990 HCAPLUS

(13) Larock; US 4436934 A 1984 HCAPLUS

(14) Lieb; US 4622339 A 1986 HCAPLUS

(15) Nilsson; Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci 1987, suppl, P284

(16) Siebold; Prodrug 1989, V5, P3

(17) Starr, M; Exp Eye Research 1971, P170 HCAPLUS

IT 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha.

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

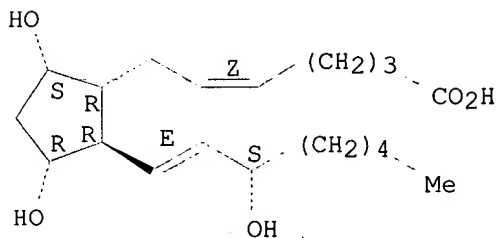
(prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

RN 551-11-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 71845-64-2P 135877-48-4P 136198-86-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

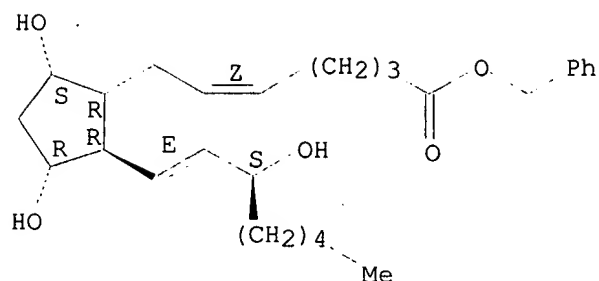
(prepn. of thromboxane ligands without blood clotting side effects)

RN 71845-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, phenylmethyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

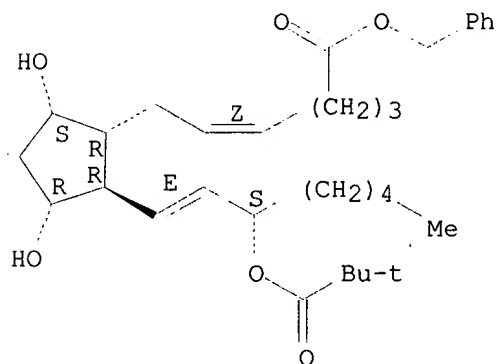
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 135877-48-4 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 15-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-9,11-dihydroxy-, phenylmethyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

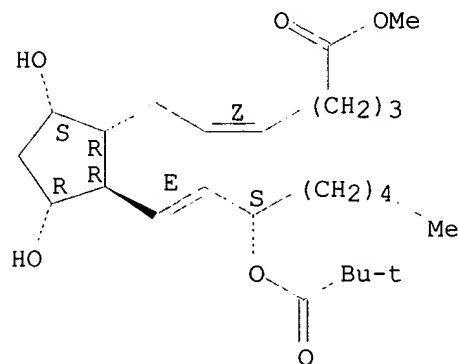
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 136198-86-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 15-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-9,11-dihydroxy-, methyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 2 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:344852 HCAPLUS

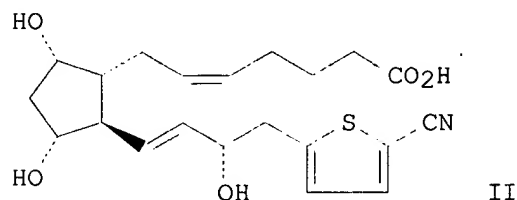
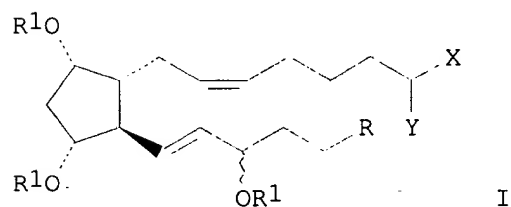
DN 131:5147

TI Preparation of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl

derivatives for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents

IN Burk, Robert M.
 PA Allergan Sales, Inc., USA
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K031-557
 ICS C07D277-30
 CC 26-3 (Biomolecules and Their Synthetic Analogs)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1, 63
 FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9925358	A1	19990527	WO 1998-US24481	19981117
	W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	US 6124344	A	20000926	US 1997-974067	19971119 <--
	CA 2310630	AA	19990527	CA 1998-2310630	19981117
	AU 9914616	A1	19990607	AU 1999-14616	19981117
	EP 1032395	A1	20000906	EP 1998-958612	19981117
	R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
	BR 9814679	A	20001003	BR 1998-14679	19981117
	JP 2001522893	T2	20011120	JP 2000-520791	19981117
	NO 2000002217	A	20000718	NO 2000-2217	20000428
PRAI	US 1997-974067	A	19971119		
	US 1993-174535	A3	19931228	<--	
	US 1995-445842	A3	19950711	<--	
	US 1996-740883	A3	19961104	<--	
	US 1997-861414	A2	19970521	<--	
	WO 1998-US24481	W	19981117		
OS	MARPAT 131:5147				
GI					



AB F-type prostaglandins I [R = heteroaryl such as thienyl; R1 = H, alkyl; X = OH, alkyloxy; Y = :O, H2] were prepd. and formulated for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents. Thus, thienylprostaglandin II was prepd.

starting from [4-(2,5-dichloro-3-thienyl)-2-oxobutyl]-phosphonic acid di-Me ester and (3a.alpha.,4.alpha.,5.beta.,6a.alpha.)-hexahydro-2-oxo-5-[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy]-2H-cyclopenta[b]furan-4-carboxaldehyde. The prepd. compds. were tested for binding activity to various **prostanoid receptors**, including **EP1**, **EP2**, and **EP3**.

- ST prostaglandin ocular **hypertensive** prepn; prostanoid receptor binding prostaglandin prepn
- IT Prostanoid receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(EP2; prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)
- IT Prostanoid receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(EP3; prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)
- IT Prostaglandins
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(F-type; prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)
- IT Prostanoid receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)
- IT 225660-96-8P 225660-97-9P 225660-98-0P
225660-99-1P 225661-00-7P 225661-65-4P
225661-66-5P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)
- IT 185067-61-2P 225661-01-8P 225661-02-9P 225661-03-0P
225661-04-1P 225661-05-2P 225661-06-3P 225661-07-4P 225661-08-5P
225661-09-6P 225661-10-9P 225661-11-0P
225661-12-1P 225661-13-2P 225661-14-3P
225661-15-4P 225661-16-5P 225661-17-6P 225661-19-8P
225661-22-3P 225661-24-5P 225661-27-8P
225661-30-3P 225661-32-5P 225661-34-7P
225661-36-9P 225661-39-2P 225661-41-6P 225661-43-8P
225661-44-9P 225661-46-1P 225661-48-3P
225661-50-7P 225661-51-8P 225661-52-9P 225661-54-1P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)
- IT 75-04-7, Ethylamine, reactions 75-30-9, 2-Iodopropane 141-43-5,
2-Hydroxyethylamine, reactions 17814-85-6 143393-77-5 185067-71-4
185068-04-6 225661-67-6 225661-69-8 225661-70-1 225661-71-2
225661-75-6 225661-77-8 225661-79-0
225661-82-5 225661-83-6 225661-84-7
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)
- IT 225661-55-2P 225661-56-3P 225661-57-4P 225661-59-6P

225661-60-9P 225661-61-0P 225661-62-1P 225661-63-2P

225661-64-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) Allergan Inc; WO 9636599 A 1996 HCAPLUS

(2) Allergan Inc; WO 9731895 A 1997 HCAPLUS

(3) Burk, R; US 5834498 A 1998 HCAPLUS

IT 225660-96-8P 225660-97-9P 225660-98-0P

225660-99-1P 225661-00-7P 225661-65-4P

225661-66-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

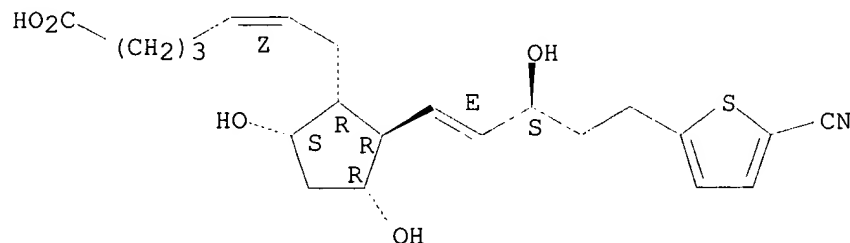
(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)

RN 225660-96-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(5-cyano-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

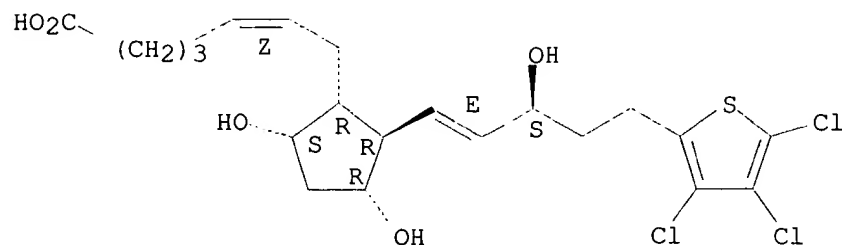


RN 225660-97-9 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-(3,4,5-trichloro-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

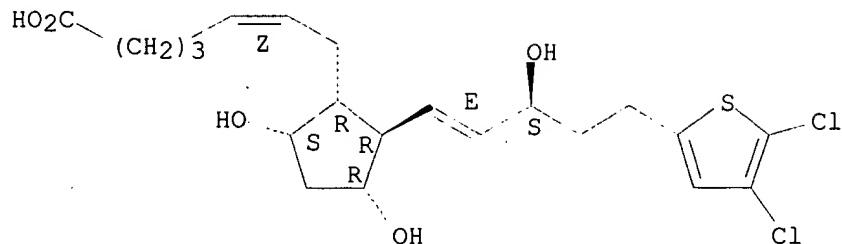
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225660-98-0 HCAPLUS

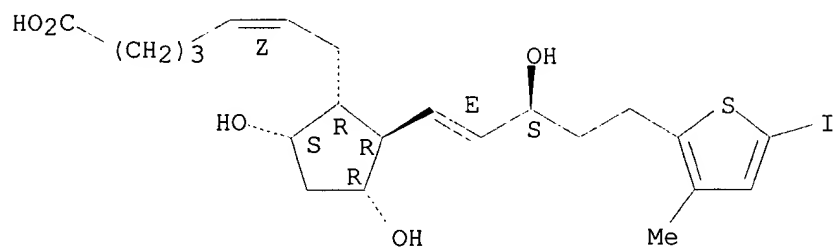
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4,5-dichloro-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



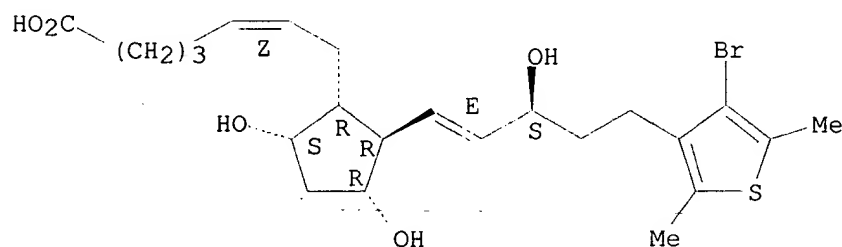
RN 225660-99-1 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-(5-iodo-3-methyl-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



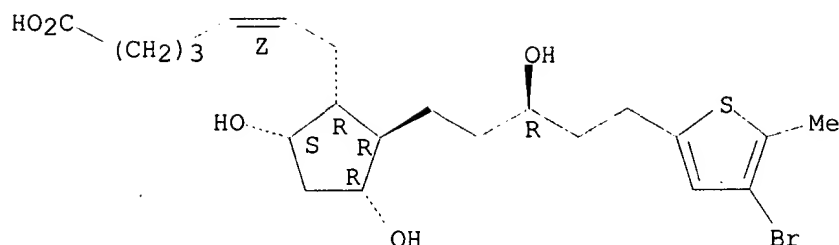
RN 225661-00-7 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethyl-3-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-65-4 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(3R)-5-(4-bromo-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxypentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

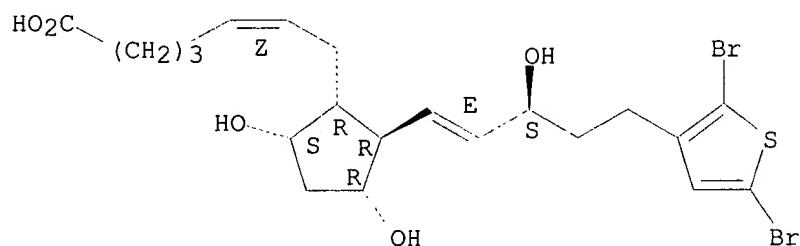
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-66-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(2,5-dibromo-3-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



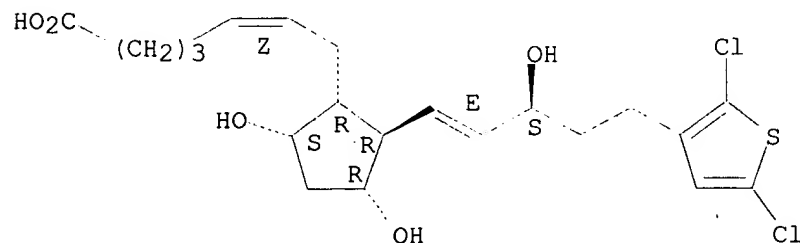
IT 185067-61-2P 225661-10-9P 225661-11-0P
225661-12-1P 225661-13-2P 225661-14-3P
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225661-24-5P 225661-27-8P 225661-30-3P
225661-32-5P 225661-34-7P 225661-39-2P
225661-44-9P 225661-46-1P 225661-48-3P
225661-51-8P 225661-52-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)ic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl
derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)

RN 185067-61-2 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(2,5-dichloro-3-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

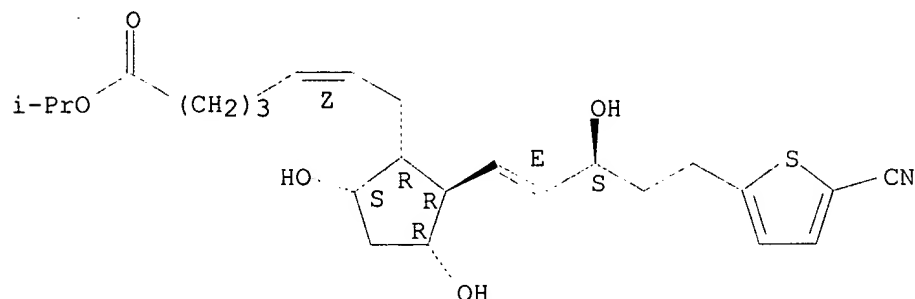
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-10-9 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(5-cyano-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

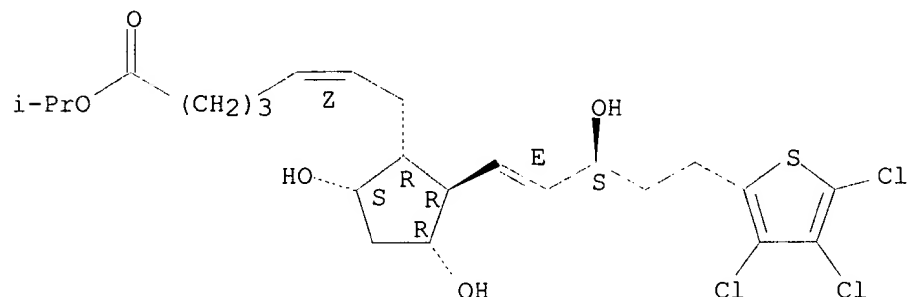
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-11-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-(3,4,5-trichloro-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

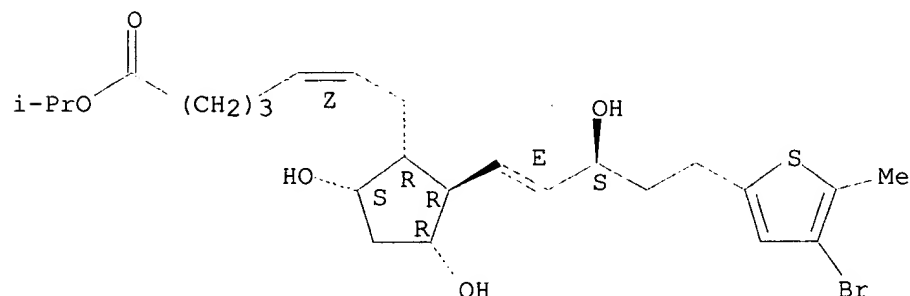
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-12-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4-bromo-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

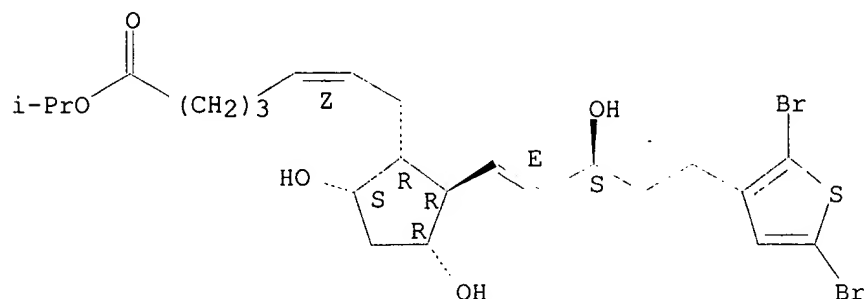
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-13-2 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(2,5-dibromo-3-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

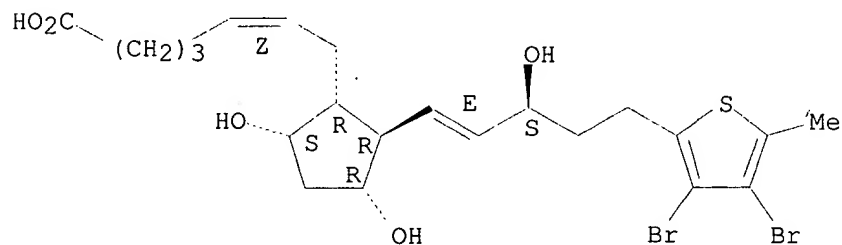
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-14-3 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(3,4-dibromo-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

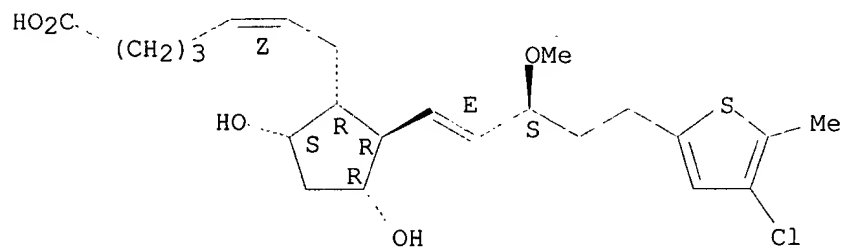
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-15-4 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4-chloro-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-methoxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

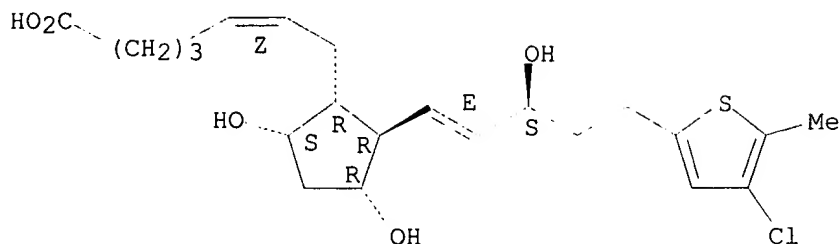
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-17-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4-chloro-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

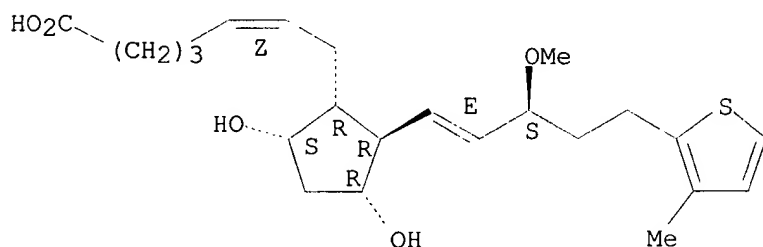
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-22-3 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-methoxy-5-(3-methyl-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

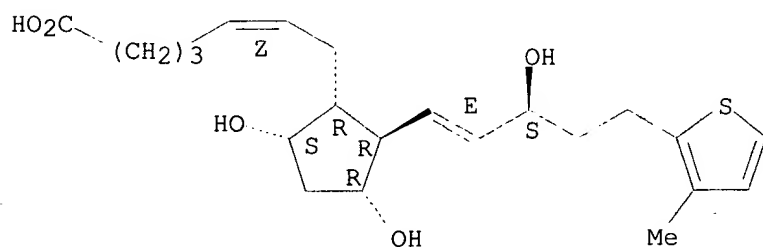
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-24-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-(3-methyl-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

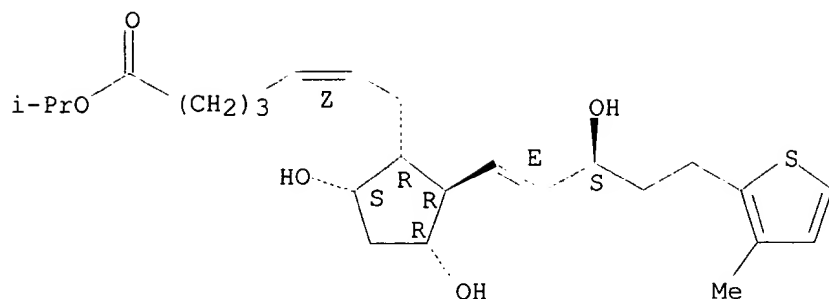
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-27-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5R)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-(3-methyl-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

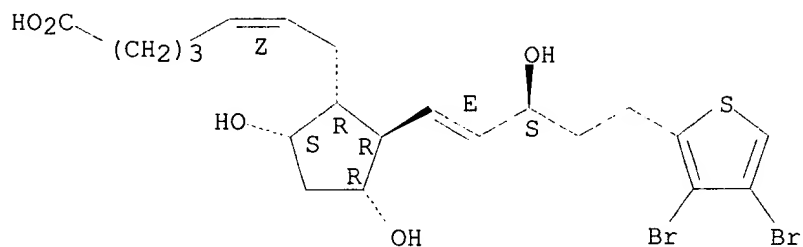
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-30-3 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(3,4-dibromo-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

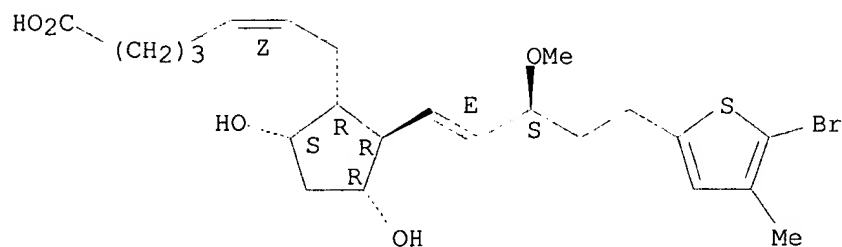
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-32-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(5-bromo-4-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-methoxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

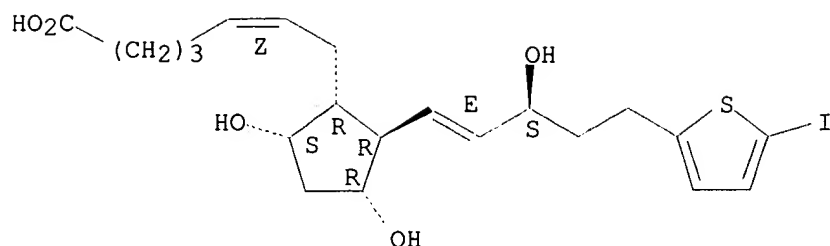
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-34-7 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-(5-iodo-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

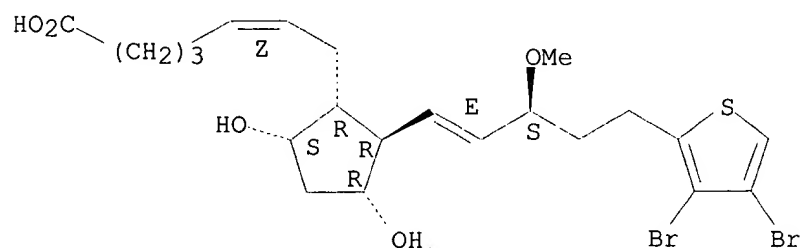
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-39-2 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(3,4-dibromo-2-thienyl)-3-methoxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

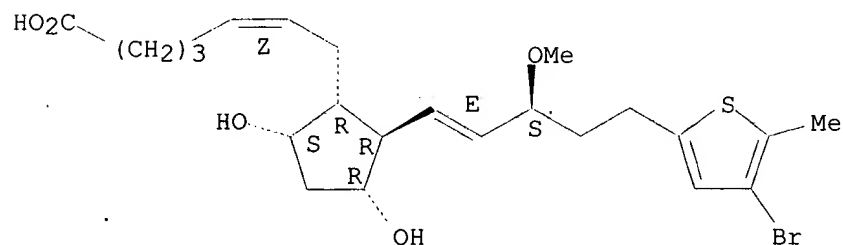
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-44-9 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4-bromo-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-methoxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

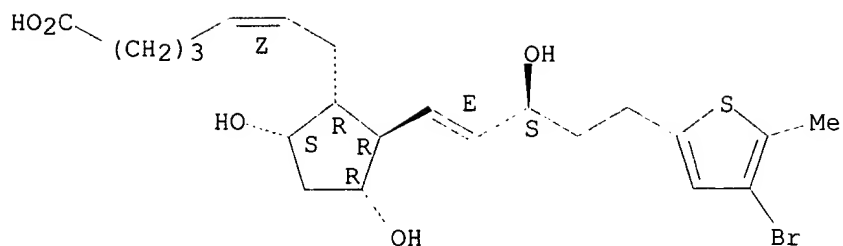
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-46-1 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4-bromo-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

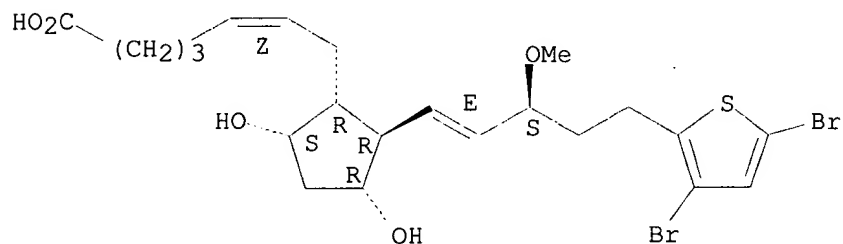
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-48-3 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(3,5-dibromo-2-thienyl)-3-methoxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

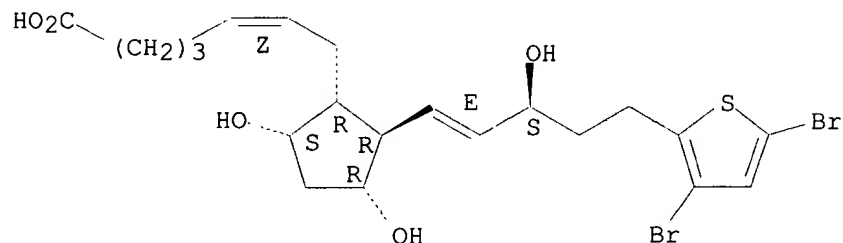
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-51-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(3,5-dibromo-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

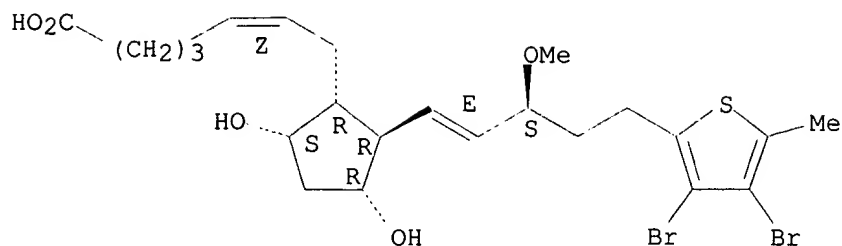
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-52-9 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(3,4-dibromo-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-methoxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 225661-75-6 225661-77-8 225661-79-0

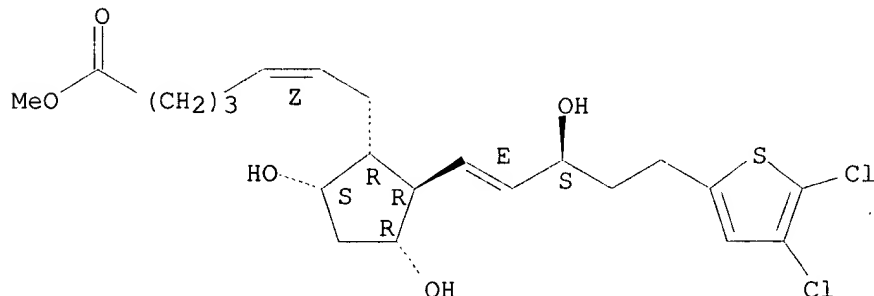
225661-82-5 225661-84-7

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)ic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl
derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)

RN 225661-75-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4,5-dichloro-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, methyl ester, (5Z)-rel-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

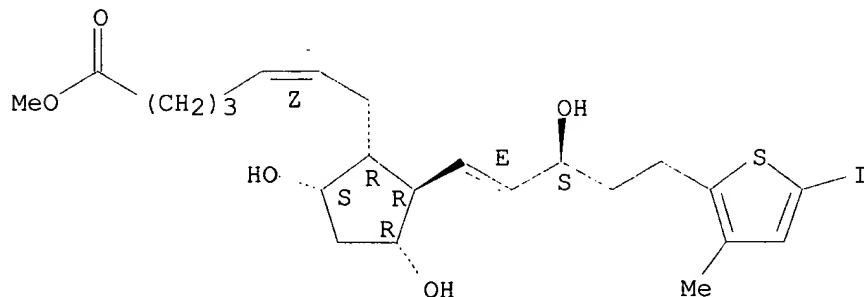
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-77-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-(5-iodo-3-methyl-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, methyl ester, (5Z)-rel-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

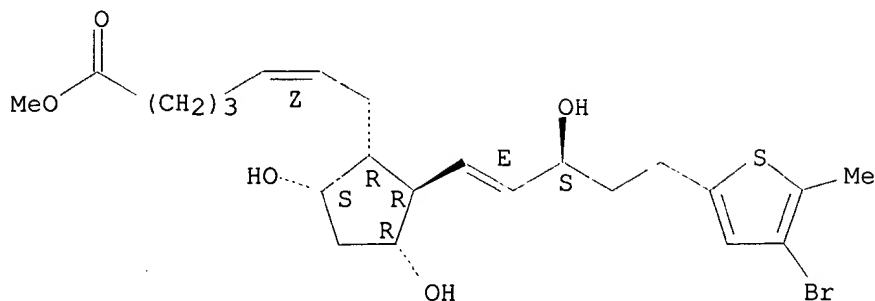
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-79-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(4-bromo-5-methyl-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, methyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

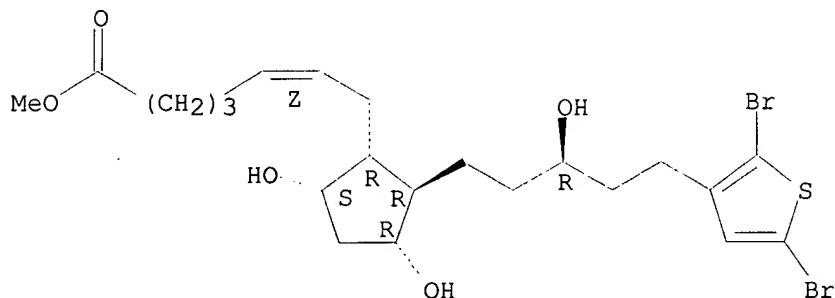
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-82-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(3R)-5-(2,5-dibromo-3-thienyl)-3-hydroxypentyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, methyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

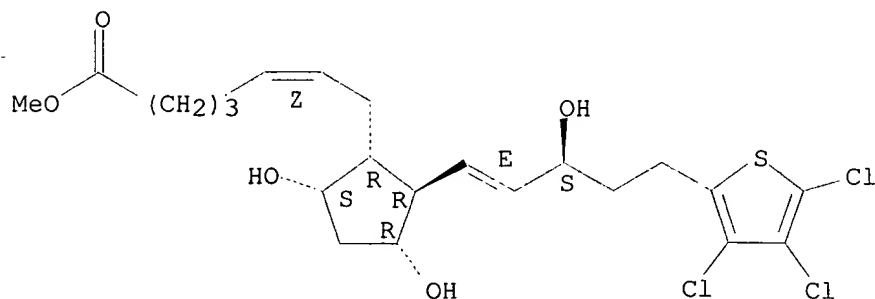
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 225661-84-7 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-(3,4,5-trichloro-2-thienyl)-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, methyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 225661-57-4P 225661-64-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of cyclopentane heptan(ene)oic acid, 2-heteroarylalkenyl)

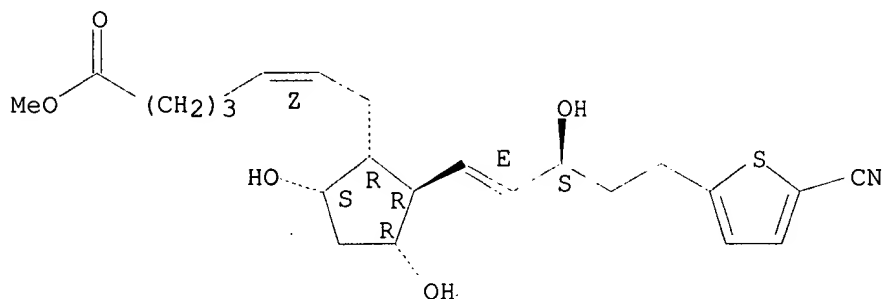
derivs. for use as ocular **hypertensive** agents)

RN 225661-57-4 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(1E,3S)-5-(5-cyano-2-thienyl)-3-hydroxy-1-pentenyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, methyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

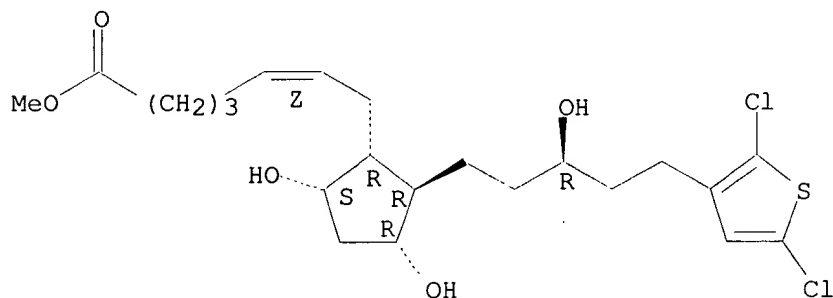


RN 225661-64-3 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-2-[(3R)-5-(2,5-dichloro-3-thienyl)-3-hydroxypentyl]-3,5-dihydroxycyclopentyl]-, methyl ester, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 3 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:720997 HCAPLUS

DN 128:10580

TI Key role cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow of the newborn

AU Li, Ding-You; Hardy, Pierre; Abran, Daniel; Martinez-Bermudez, Ana-Katherine; Guerguerian, Anne-Marie; Bhattacharya, Mousumi; Almazan, Guillermina; Menezes, Ravi; Peri, Krishna G.; Varma, Daya R.; Chemtob, Sylvain

CS Dep. Pharmacol. Therapeutics, McGill Univ., Montreal, H3G 1Y6, Can.

SO American Journal of Physiology (1997), 273(4, Pt. 2), R1283-R1290

CODEN: AJPHAP; ISSN: 0002-9513

PB American Physiological Society

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB Ibuprofen, a cyclooxygenase (COX) inhibitor nonselective for either COX-1 or COX-2 isoform, upregulates cerebrovascular prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) and

PGF2.alpha. receptors in newborn pigs. COX-2 was shown to be the predominant form of COX and the main catalyst of prostaglandin synthesis in the newborn brain. We proceeded to establish direct evidence that COX-2-generated prostaglandins govern PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor d. and function in the cerebral brain vasculature by using newborn. Hence, we detd. PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor d. and functions in brain vasculature by using newborn pigs treated with saline, ibuprofen, COX-1 inhibitor (valerylsalicylate), or COX-2 inhibitors (DUP-697 and NS-398). Newborn brain PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. concns. were significantly reduced by ibuprofen, DUP-697, and NS-398 but not by valerylsalicylate. In newborn pigs treated with DUP-697, NS-398, and ibuprofen, PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor densities in brain microvessels were increased to adult levels; there was also a significant increase in inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3) prodn. and cerebral vasoconstrictor effects of 17-phenyltrinor-PGE2 (EP1 receptor agonist), M&B-28767 (EP3 receptor agonist), PGF2.alpha., and fenprostalene (PGF2.alpha. analog). Treatment with ibuprofen or DUP-697 also increased the upper blood **pressure** limit of cerebral cortex and periventricular blood flow autoregulation from 85 to .gtoreq.125 mmHg (uppermost blood **pressure** studied). However, valerylsalicylate treatment did not affect cerebrovascular PGF2 and PGF2.alpha. receptors, IP3 prodn., or vasoconstrictor effects in newborn animals. These in vivo and in vitro observations indicate that COX-2 is mainly responsible for the regulation of PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptors and their functions in the newborn cerebral vasculature.

ST cyclooxygenase prostaglandin receptor brain circulation newborn; PGF2 receptor brain circulation newborn cyclooxygenase; PGE2 receptor brain circulation newborn cyclooxygenase

IT **Prostanoid receptors**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(EP1; cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha.

receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT **Prostanoid receptors**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(EP3; cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT **Prostanoid receptors**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(FP; cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT **Circulation**

(cerebral; cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT **Brain**

Newborn

Vasoconstriction

(cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT **Blood vessel**

(microvessel; cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT 39391-18-9

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(2; cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT 363-24-6, PGE2 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha. 38315-43-4,

17-Phenyltritorinor-PGE2 60972-43-2, M&B-28767 69381-94-8,
Fenprostalene

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MFM (Metabolic formation); BIOL (Biological study); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)

(cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

IT 363-24-6, PGE2 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha. 60972-43-2,
M&B-28767

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

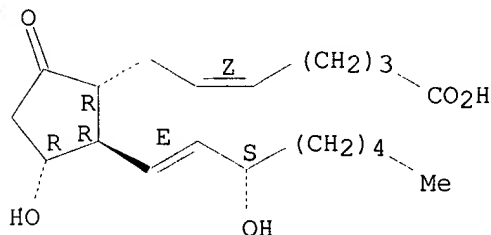
(cyclooxygenase-2 in PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptor regulation and cerebral blood flow in newborn pigs)

RN 363-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-,
(5Z,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

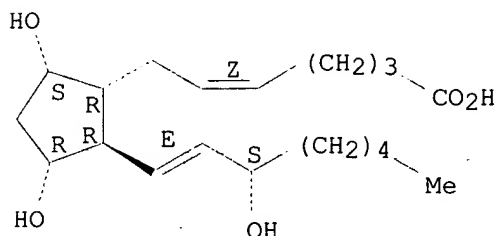


RN 551-11-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

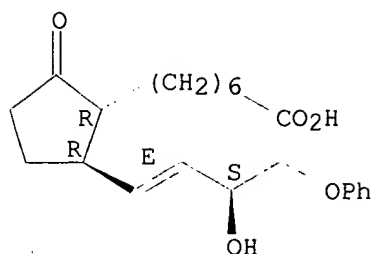


RN 60972-43-2 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 2-[(1E,3R)-3-hydroxy-4-phenoxy-1-butenyl]-5-oxo-, (1S,2S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 4 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:272439 HCAPLUS

DN 126:339206

TI Prostaglandin effects on the contractility of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle

AU Krauss, Achim H.-P.; Wiederholt, Michael; Strum, Annette; Woodward, David F.

CS Allergan, Inc., Irvine, CA, 92612, USA

SO Experimental Eye Research (1997), 64(3), 447-453

CODEN: EXERA6; ISSN: 0014-4835

PB Academic

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The ocular **hypotensive** activity of prostaglandins (PGs) has previously been demonstrated in various species including man. The underlying mechanism of action of **prostanoids** other than PGF2.alpha. remains contentious. Because the trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle are believed to have a role in the regulation of aq. humor outflow, the aim of this study was to identify the **PG-receptor** subtypes present in these tissues using **receptor-selective** agonists. Contractions of isolated strips of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle were recorded isometrically in continuously perfused tissue chambers. Contractile activity of PGs was detd. relative to a maximally effective concn. of carbachol (1 .mu.M) as a std. agonist. The following **prostanoids** were employed: PGF2.alpha., 17-Ph PGF2.alpha. (FP-**receptor** agonists), sulprostone (EP3 > **EP1**-agonist), AH13205 (EP2-agonist), 11-deoxy PGE1 (non-selective EP-agonist), and U-46619 (TP-agonist). The thromboxane-mimetic U-46619 elicited a strong contraction of the trabecular meshwork with the highest concn. (1 .mu.M) being almost twice as efficacious (186.6%) as the maximal carbachol concn., whereas the effect on the ciliary muscle was small. The U-46619 induced trabecular meshwork contraction could be blocked with a potent and selective TP-**receptor** antagonist, 1 .mu.M SQ29548, indicating the involvement of TP-**receptors**. The other PG-analogs studied had either no or a small but statistically significant effect. Thus, 17-Ph PGF2.alpha. (1 .mu.M) weakly contracted the ciliary muscle (4.8%), sulprostone (1 .mu.M) the trabecular meshwork (10.1%). 11-Deoxy PGE1 (1 .mu.M) and AH13205 (10 .mu.M) elicited relaxations in both tissues precontracted with carbachol (1 .mu.M). The relaxant effects were more pronounced in trabecular meshwork (15.6% for 11-deoxy PGE1 and 21.4% for AH13205) than ciliary muscle (6.8 and 7.4% resp.). PGF2.alpha. did not elicit a significant response in either tissue. The studies suggest the existence of TP- and EP2-**receptors** in the bovine trabecular meshwork and potentially FP- and EP2-**receptors** in the ciliary muscle. In conclusion, thromboxane-mimetics and EP2-agonists have opposing activities on contractile elements in the meshwork and may modulate trabecular outflow in a functionally antagonistic manner. **Prostanoid** effects on ciliary muscle appear rather modest compared to parasympathomimetic drugs. It is conceivable that TP-agonists may

substantially affect trabecular outflow.

ST prostaglandin eye ciliary muscle trabecular meshwork; PGF 2alpha eye

IT Eye
Eye
(ciliary muscle; prostaglandin effects on contractility of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle)

IT Muscle
Muscle
(ciliary; prostaglandin effects on contractility of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle)

IT Prostaglandins
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(prostaglandin effects on contractility of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle)

IT Thromboxane receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(prostaglandin effects on contractility of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle)

IT Eye
(trabecular meshwork; prostaglandin effects on contractility of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle)

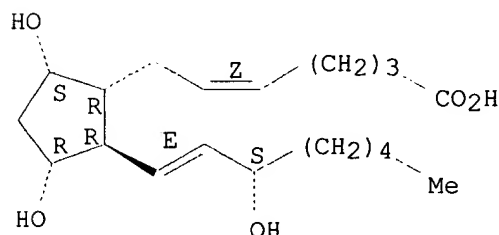
IT 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha. 37786-00-8, 11-Deoxy PGE1
55582-75-7, 17-Phenyl PGF2.alpha. 56985-40-1, U-46619
60325-46-4, Sulprostone 148436-63-9, AH13205
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(prostaglandin effects on contractility of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle)

IT 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha. 37786-00-8, 11-Deoxy PGE1
55582-75-7, 17-Phenyl PGF2.alpha.
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(prostaglandin effects on contractility of bovine trabecular meshwork and ciliary muscle)

RN 551-11-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 37786-00-8 HCAPLUS

CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 15-hydroxy-9-oxo-, (13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

L169 ANSWER 6 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:621888 HCAPLUS

DN 123:169428

TI 7-[Carboxyalkyl or alkenyl]-6-[alkyl or alkenyl]-3-oxo-2,4-dioxabicyclo[3.2.1]octanes and their derivatives

IN Burk, Robert M.; Krauss, Achim H.; Woodward, David F.

PA Allergan, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 10 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-335

ICS C07D493-08

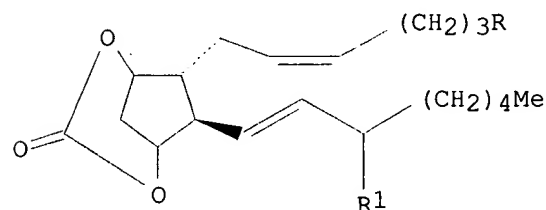
NCL 514450000

CC 26-3 (Biomolecules and Their Synthetic Analogs)

Section cross-reference(s): 2

FAN.CNT 6

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5416106	A	19950516	US 1993-174534	19931228 <--
	CA 2180010	AA	19950706	CA 1994-2180010	19941205 <--
	WO 9518103	A1	19950706	WO 1994-US14012	19941205 <--
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	RW:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 9513361	A1	19950717	AU 1995-13361	19941205 <--
	EP 737185	A1	19961016	EP 1995-904826	19941205 <--
	EP 737185	B1	19990331		
	R:	DE, ES, FR, GB, IT			
	JP 09507229	T2	19970722	JP 1994-518044	19941205 <--
	ES 2133721	T3	19990916	ES 1995-904826	19941205 <--
	US 5516791	A	19960514	US 1995-378414	19950126 <--
	US 5650431	A	19970722	US 1996-645467	19960513 <--
	US 5741812	A	19980421	US 1997-832431	19970402 <--
	US 6017953	A	20000125	US 1997-926662	19970909 <--
	US 6090845	A	20000718	US 1999-407937	19990928 <--
	US 6462077	B1	20021008	US 2001-899713	20010705 <--
PRAI	US 1993-174534	A	19931228	<--	
	WO 1994-US14012	W	19941205	<--	
	US 1995-378414	A2	19950126	<--	
	US 1996-645467	A2	19960513	<--	
	US 1997-832431	A2	19970402	<--	
	US 1997-926662	A1	19970909	<--	
	US 1998-38068	B1	19980311		
	US 1999-331356	B2	19990616		
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GI					

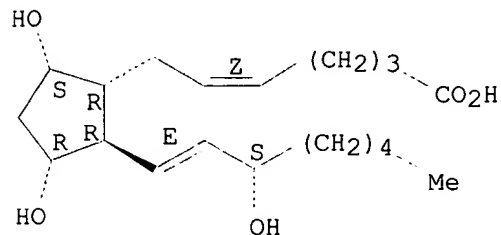


I

- AB Dioxabicyclooctanes I [R = (un)substituted CO₂H, CH₂OH, CH₂NH₂; R₁ = OH, acyloxy, O] were prepd. for use in treating **ocular hypertension**. Thus, PGF₂.alpha. was esterified, silylated, treated with triphosgene, subjected to borohydride redn., and deblocked to give I [R = CH₂OH, R₁ = OH]. At 0.1% this compd. decreased **intraocular** pressure in dogs by 8.5mm 6 h after administration.
- ST thromboxane analog dioxabicyclooctane; **ocular hypertension** dioxabicyclooctane; prostaglandin receptor dioxabicyclooctane; platelet aggregation inhibitor dioxabicyclooctane
- IT Blood platelet aggregation inhibitors
Glaucoma (disease)
(analog; dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT Thromboxanes
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(analog; dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT **Prostaglandin receptors**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT **Receptors**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(**prostaglandin**, dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT 167270-47-5P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT 159359-94-1P 159359-95-2P 159359-97-4P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT **551-11-1**, PGF₂.alpha.
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT **33854-16-9P**, PGF₂.alpha. methyl ester **65147-38-8P**
71845-64-2P 135877-48-4P 136198-86-2P
147555-69-9P **147555-72-4P** 159359-93-0P 159359-96-3P
167270-42-0P 167270-43-1P 167270-45-3P 167270-46-4P 167270-48-6P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT 159359-98-5P 167270-44-2P 167270-49-7P 167270-50-0P 167270-51-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- IT **551-11-1**, PGF₂.alpha.
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of **ocular hypertension**)
- RN 551-11-1 HCAPLUS
- CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,

(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 33854-16-9P, PGF2.alpha. methyl ester 65147-38-8P
71845-64-2P 135877-48-4P 136198-86-2P
147555-72-4P

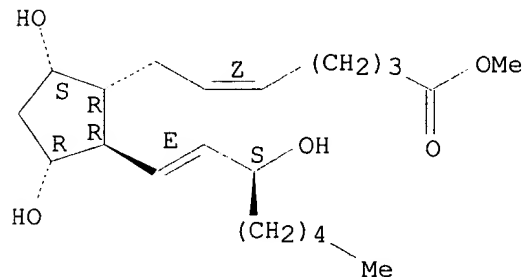
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(dioxabicyclooctane analogs of thromboxanes in treatment of
ocular hypertension)

RN 33854-16-9 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, methyl ester,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

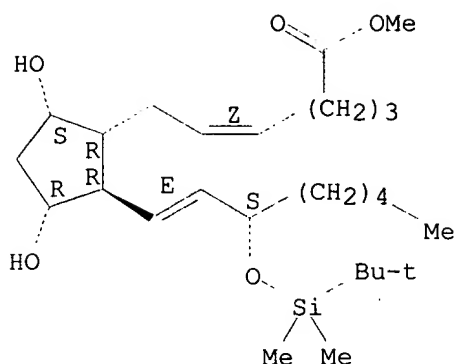
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 65147-38-8 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 15-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-
9,11-dihydroxy-, methyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

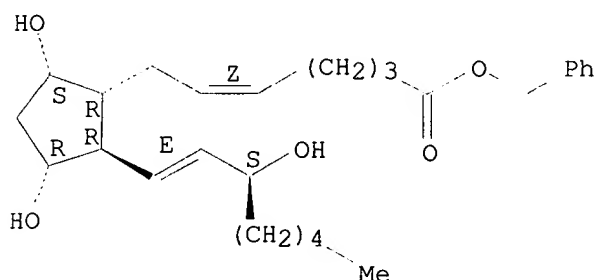
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 71845-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, phenylmethyl ester,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

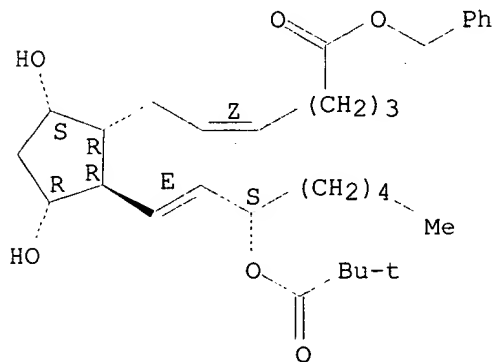
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 135877-48-4 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 15-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-9,11-dihydroxy-
, phenylmethyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

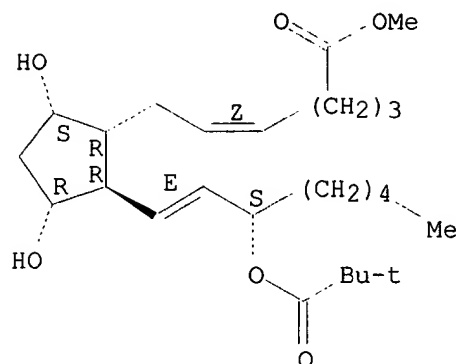


RN 136198-86-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 15-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-9,11-dihydroxy-
, methyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

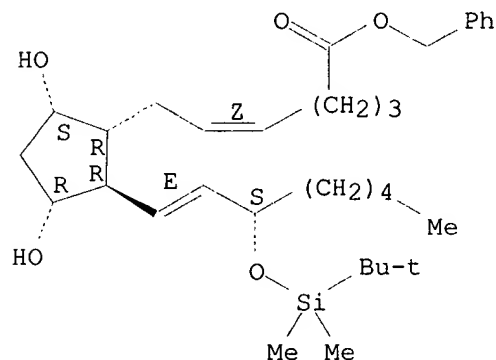
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 147555-72-4 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 15-[[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]-9,11-dihydroxy-, phenylmethyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 7 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1995:215124 HCAPLUS

DN 122:232

TI Pharmacological characterization of prostaglandin-related ocular **hypotensive** agents

AU Goh, Yasumasa; Kishino, Junji

CS Shionogi Research Laboratories, Toyonaka, 561, Japan

SO Japanese Journal of Ophthalmology (1994), 38(3), 236-45

CODEN: JJOPA7; ISSN: 0021-5155

PB Japanese Journal of Ophthalmology

DT Journal

LA English

CC 1-2 (Pharmacology)

AB The agonistic activity of the prostaglandin (PG)-related ocular **hypotensive** agents, S-1033, UF-021 and PhXA34, to PG receptors was investigated by using in vitro tissue responses and binding of radio-labeled ligands to membranes. UF-021 and PhXA34, which are both 1-iso-Pr esterified forms, were examd. mainly in a free acid form. The agonistic activity to PGD2 and PGI2 receptors, examd. using inhibition of ADP-induced aggregation of guinea pig platelets, was negligible for all three compds. None showed substantial agonistic activity to TXA2 receptor, as detd. from contractions of rat thorax aorta. PhXA34 showed

significant PGE2 agonistic activity. Among the three PGE2 receptor subtypes, the agonistic activity to EP1 and EP2 receptors was about 1/1000 and 1/2000 of PGE2, as detd. from contraction of guinea pig longitudinal and circular ileum strips, resp. The other two compds. showed little agonistic activity (<1/100 000 of PGE2) to these receptors. The agonistic activity to PGF2.alpha. receptors, as detd. from contraction of cat iris sphincter strips, was substantial for S-1033 and PhXA34, being 1/45 and 1/2 of PGF2.alpha., resp., but weak for UF-021 (1/1600). To further investigate the affinity of the three compds. to PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. receptors, inhibition of [3H]PGE2.alpha. binding was examd. with membrane fractions of bovine adrenal medulla which possesses EP3 type PGE2 receptors and bovine corpus luteum which has PGF2.alpha. receptors. The activity of PhXA34 for inhibiting [3H]PGE2 binding was about 1/2000 of PGE2. S-1033 and UF-021 did not significantly inhibit [3H]PGE2 binding within the range examd. (<<1/2000 of PGE2). The activity to inhibit [3H]PGF2.alpha. binding was strong for PhXA34 (about the same as that of PGF2.alpha.), while the activity for S-1033 and UF-021 was about 1/34 and <1/280 of PGF2.alpha., resp. These results indicate that the specificity to PGF2.alpha. receptor is the highest for S-1033 followed by PhXA34, although the activity to this receptor is stronger for the latter compd. UF-021 has only a weak agonistic activity to PGF2.alpha. receptors.

ST S1033 UF021 PhXA34 prostaglandin thromboxane receptor; eye

hypotensive S1033 UF021 PhXA34 prostaglandin

IT **Prostaglandin receptors**

Thromboxane receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(ocular **hypotensive** agents S-1033, UF-021, and PhXA34 agonistic activity to prostaglandin and thromboxane receptors)

IT **Glaucoma (disease)**

(ocular **hypotensive** agents S-1033, UF-021, and PhXA34 agonistic activity to prostaglandin and thromboxane receptors in relation to **glaucoma** treatment)

IT **Receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(**prostaglandin**, ocular **hypotensive** agents S-1033, UF-021, and PhXA34 agonistic activity to **prostaglandin** and thromboxane receptors)

IT **Receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(thromboxane, ocular **hypotensive** agents S-1033, UF-021, and PhXA34 agonistic activity to **prostaglandin** and thromboxane receptors)

IT 120373-24-2, UF-021 138282-73-2, S-1033

155551-81-8, PhXA34

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(ocular **hypotensive** agents S-1033, UF-021, and PhXA34 agonistic activity to prostaglandin and thromboxane receptors)

IT 120373-24-2, UF-021 138282-73-2, S-1033

155551-81-8, PhXA34

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

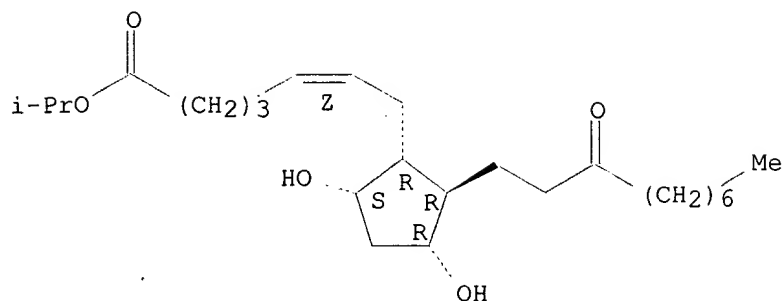
(ocular **hypotensive** agents S-1033, UF-021, and PhXA34 agonistic activity to prostaglandin and thromboxane receptors)

RN 120373-24-2 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-oxodecyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

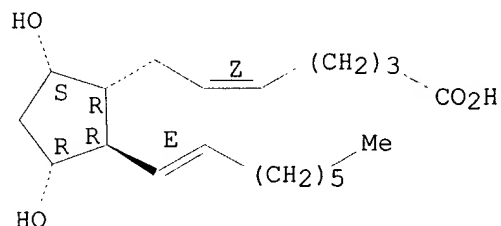
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 138282-73-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11-dihydroxy-, monosodium salt,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

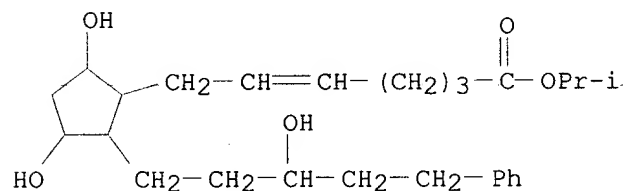
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
Double bond geometry as shown.



● Na

RN 155551-81-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L169 ANSWER 8 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:500557 HCAPLUS

DN 121:100557

TI EP3 receptor-mediated inhibition of the neurogenic vasopressor response in
pithed rats

AU Malinowska, Barbara; Godlewski, Grzegorz; Buczek, Włodzimierz; Schlicker,
Eberhard

CS Zakład Farmakodynamiki, Akademia Medyczna, ul. Mickiewicza 2C, Białystok,
15-230/8, Pol.

SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1994), 259(3), 315-19
CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

DT Journal

LA English

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:13:21 ON 04 DEC 2002

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FILE LAST UPDATED: 3 Dec 2002 (20021203/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> d all hitstr tot 1140

L140 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1999:64692 HCAPLUS

DN 130:119579

TI Prostaglandin derivatives devoid of side effects for the treatment of
glaucoma

IN Stjernschantz, Johan; Resul, Bahram; Lake,
Staffan

PA Pharmacia & Upjohn AB, Swed.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-557

CC 1-1 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 26

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9902165	A1	19990121	WO 1998-SE1368	19980710 <--
	W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU 9883683	A1	19990208	AU 1998-83683	19980710 <--
	AU 739828	B2	20011018		
	EP 1014991	A1	20000705	EP 1998-934082	19980710 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
	BR 9815501	A	20010717	BR 1998-15501	19980710 <--

JP 2002509543 T2 20020326 JP 1999-508560 19980710 <--
PRAI SE 1997-2706 A 19970711 <--
WO 1998-SE1368 W 19980710 <--
OS MARPAT 130:119579
AB A new method and compns. for the treatment of **glaucoma** and **ocular hypertension** are described. The method is based on the usage of EP1 prostanoid receptor agonists which effectively reduce the **intraocular** pressure but have no, or reduced effect on iris pigmentation. The prostaglandin analog which is an EP1 selective agonist is applied topically on the **eye**.
ST prostaglandin treatment **glaucoma**
IT Prostanoid receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(EPI; prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of **glaucoma**)
IT **Antiglaucoma agents**
Glaucoma (disease)
(prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of **glaucoma**)
IT Prostaglandins
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of **glaucoma**)
IT **4510-16-1P, Pgf2.beta. 38315-43-4P 219827-59-5P**
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of **glaucoma**)
IT **130225-92-2P 157019-93-7P 219827-55-1P**
219827-63-1P 219827-85-7P 219828-15-6P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of **glaucoma**)
IT 75-30-9, Isopropyl iodide 75-77-4, Trimethylsilyl chloride, reactions 456-41-7, 3-Fluorobenzyl bromide 688-73-3, Tributyltin hydride 1195-42-2, N-Isopropylcyclohexylamine 4202-14-6, Dimethyl 2-oxopropylphosphonate 14924-53-9, Ethyl cyclobutanecarboxylate 31752-99-5 61305-36-0 149862-39-5
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of **glaucoma**)
IT 38754-71-1P 39990-99-3P 62407-82-3P 62407-83-4P 62407-84-5P
63295-65-8P 219827-74-4P 219827-77-7P 219827-83-5P 219827-87-9P
219827-90-4P 219827-93-7P 219827-95-9P 219827-98-2P 219828-01-0P
219828-04-3P 219828-07-6P 219828-09-8P 219828-13-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of **glaucoma**)
RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
RE
(1) Alcon Laboratories, Inc; WO 9408585 A1 1994 HCAPLUS
(2) Bays, D; Natural product reports 1990, V7(5), P409 MEDLINE
(3) Kluender, H; US 4132738 A 1979 HCAPLUS
(4) Watabe, A; The Journal of Biological Chemistry 1993, V268(27), P20175 HCAPLUS

(5) Woodward, D; Journal of Lipid Mediators 1993, V6, P545 HCAPLUS

IT 4510-16-1P, Pgf2.beta. 38315-43-4P 219827-59-5P

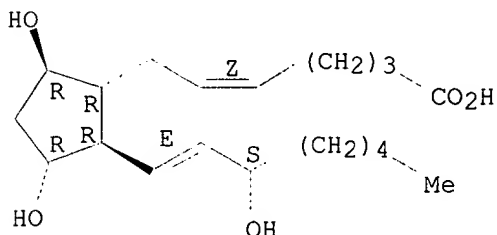
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of glaucoma)

RN 4510-16-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (5Z,9.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

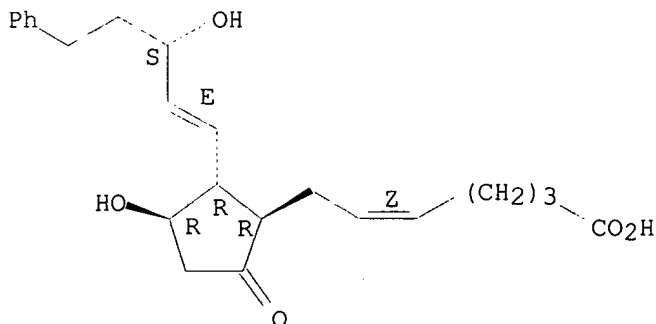
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 38315-43-4 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R)-3-hydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

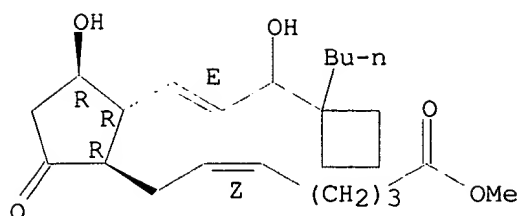
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 219827-59-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R)-2-[(1E)-3-(1-butylcyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-1-propenyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, methyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



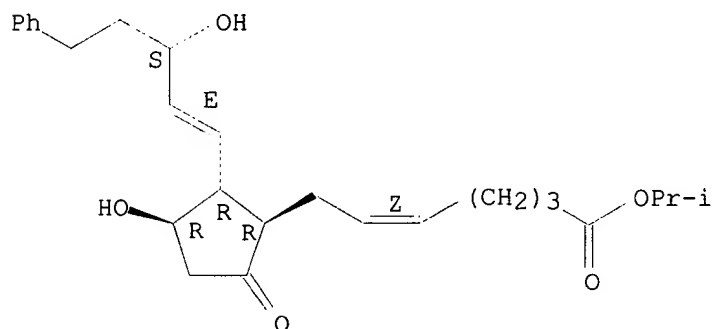
IT 130225-92-2P 157019-93-7P 219827-55-1P
219827-63-1P 219828-15-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prostaglandin derivs. devoid of side effects for treatment of glaucoma)

RN 130225-92-2 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R)-3-hydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

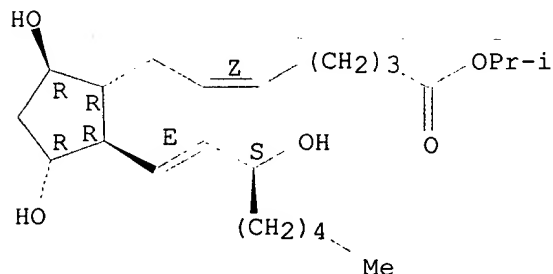
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 157019-93-7 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z,9.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

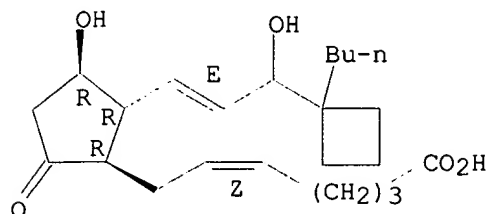
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 219827-55-1 HCAPLUS

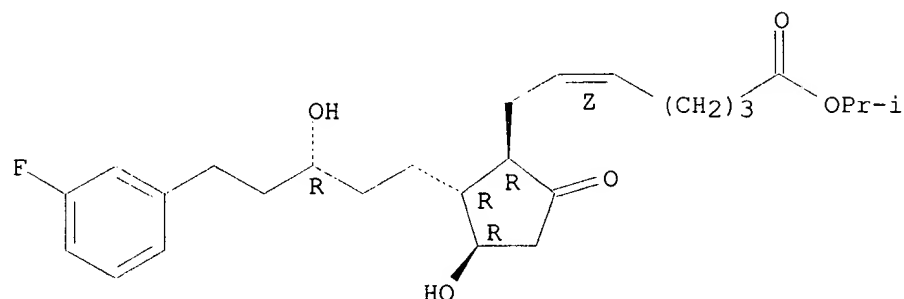
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R)-2-[(1E)-3-(1-butylcyclobutyl)-3-hydroxy-1-propenyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



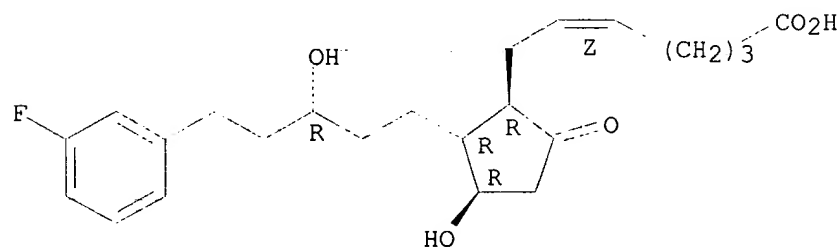
RN 219827-63-1 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R)-2-[(3R)-5-(3-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypentyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 219828-15-6 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R)-2-[(3R)-5-(3-fluorophenyl)-3-hydroxypentyl]-3-hydroxy-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L140 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:533851 HCAPLUS

DN 121:133851

TI Preparation of prostaglandin F2.beta. isopropyl ester for the treatment of **glaucoma**

IN Miyazaki, Tooru; Kawamura, Masanori; Shirasawa, Eiichi

PA Ono Pharmaceutical Co, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

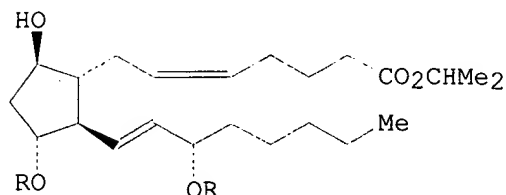
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese
 IC ICM C07C405-00
 ICS A61K031-557
 CC 26-3 (Biomolecules and Their Synthetic Analogs)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 06100529	A2	19940412	JP 1992-278039	19920922 <--
OS	CASREACT 121:133851				
GI					



I

AB The title compd. (I) (R = H) (II) was prepd. by hydrolysis of I (R = tetrahydropyran-2-yl) (III). A soln. of III in 5% acetic acid-THF was stirred for 1.5 h at 65.degree. to give II. A 0.02% soln. of II decreased **intraocular** pressure in rabbits by 5 mmHg.

ST prostaglandin isopropyl ester prepn **glaucoma**; **glaucoma** treatment prostaglandin isopropyl ester

IT **Glaucoma (disease)**
 (prostaglandin F2.beta. iso-Pr ester effect on)

IT 64-19-7, Acetic acid, uses
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (hydrolysis of tetrahydropyran-2-yl prostaglandin deriv. in water and)

IT 157019-94-8P 157019-95-9P 157019-96-0P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of agent for treatment of **glaucoma**)

IT 157019-93-7P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of, for treatment of **glaucoma**)

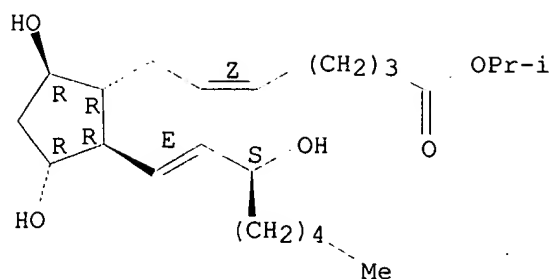
IT 67-63-0, 2-Propanol, reactions 37786-09-7
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, in prepn. of agent for treatment of **glaucoma**)

IT 157019-93-7P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of, for treatment of **glaucoma**)

RN 157019-93-7 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z,9.beta.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



L140 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1990:605515 HCAPLUS

DN 113:205515

TI Preparation and use of prostaglandin derivatives for the treatment of
glaucoma or ocular hypertensionIN **Stjernschantz, Johan W.; Resul, Bahram**

PA Pharmacia AB, Swed.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-557

ICS C07C177-00

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 26

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9002553	A1	19900322	WO 1989-SE475	19890906 <--
	W: AU, DK, FI, JP, NO, US				
	AU 8941898	A1	19900402	AU 1989-41898	19890906 <--
	AU 625096	B2	19920702		
	EP 364417	A1	19900418	EP 1989-850294	19890906 <--
	EP 364417	B1	19940209		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	JP 03501025	T2	19910307	JP 1989-509228	19890906 <--
	JP 2721414	B2	19980304		
	EP 569046	A1	19931110	EP 1993-109514	19890906 <--
	EP 569046	B1	20021113		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	AT 101342	E	19940215	AT 1989-850294	19890906 <--
	ES 2062102	T3	19941216	ES 1989-850294	19890906 <--
	JP 10081624	A2	19980331	JP 1997-209419	19890906 <--
	EP 1225168	A2	20020724	EP 2002-9255	19890906 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	EP 1224934	A2	20020724	EP 2002-9256	19890906 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	EP 1224935	A2	20020724	EP 2002-9257	19890906 <--
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
	AT 227576	E	20021115	AT 1993-109514	19890906 <--
	CA 1339132	A1	19970729	CA 1989-611003	19890912 <--
	DK 9001121	A	19900504	DK 1990-1121	19900504 <--
	FI 92690	B	19940915	FI 1990-2258	19900504 <--
	FI 92690	C	19941227		
	US 5296504	A	19940322	US 1992-987520	19921208 <--
	US 5321128	A	19940614	US 1992-988389	19921208 <--
	US 5422368	A	19950606	US 1992-986943	19921208 <--
	US 5422369	A	19950606	US 1994-202409	19940225 <--
	US 5578618	A	19961126	US 1995-390394	19950216 <--

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB In pithed rats, the authors studied the effects of prostaglandin E2 and of subtype-selective prostaglandin E **receptor** (EP **receptor**) ligands on the rise in blood **pressure** induced by elec. stimulation of the preganglionic sympathetic nerves. Prostaglandin E2, the EP1/EP3 **receptor** agonist sulprostone and the EP2/EP3 **receptor** agonist misoprostol inhibited the elec. induced increase in diastolic blood **pressure** (rank order of potencies sulprostone .gtoreq. misoprostol .gtoreq. prostaglandin E2); the rise in blood **pressure** induced by exogenously added noradrenaline was not affected by these compds. The inhibitory effect of sulprostone on the elec. induced vasopressor response was not significantly changed by indomethacin. Iloprost (an agonist at EP1 and prostacyclin **receptors** (IP **receptors**)) failed to affect the elec. evoked increase in blood **pressure**. The present study suggests that prostaglandin E2 inhibits the release of catecholamines in pithed rats via **prostanoid receptors** of the EP3 subtype, probably located presynaptically on the postganglionic sympathetic nerve fibers.

ST prostaglandin EP3 receptor neurogenic vasopressor response; blood **pressure** sympathetic nerve PGE3 receptor

IT Catecholamines
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(release of, in neurogenic vasopressor response, PGE3 inhibition of, EP3 receptor mediation of)

IT Blood **pressure**
(sympathetic nerve elec. stimulation increase of, PGE3 inhibition of, EP3 receptor mediation of)

IT **Prostaglandin receptors**
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(EP3, neurogenic vasopressor response inhibition by PGE3 mediation by)

IT **Receptors**
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(**prostaglandin** EP3, neurogenic vasopressor response inhibition by PGE3 mediation by)

IT Nerve
(sympathetic, blood **pressure** increase by elec. stimulation of, PGE3 inhibition of, EP3 receptor mediation of)

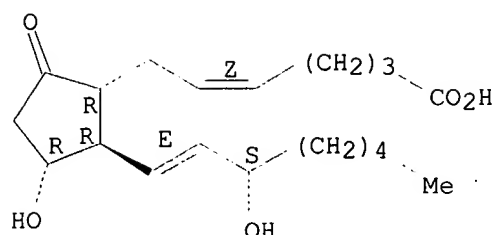
IT 363-24-6, Prostaglandin E2 59122-46-2, Misoprostol 60325-46-4, Sulprostone
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(neurogenic vasopressor response inhibition by, EP3 receptor mediation of)

IT 363-24-6, Prostaglandin E2
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(neurogenic vasopressor response inhibition by, EP3 receptor mediation of)

RN 363-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (5Z,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 9 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:290674 HCAPLUS

DN 120:290674

TI Reduced responses of retinal vessels of the newborn pig to prostaglandins but not to thromboxane

AU Abran, Danile; Varma, Daya R.; Li, Ding-You; Chemtob, Sylvain

CS Dep. Ped., Centre Res. Hopital Sainte-Justine, Montreal, QC, HET 1C5, Can.

SO Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology (1994), 72(2), 168-73

CODEN: CJPPA3; ISSN: 0008-4212

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The upper blood **pressure** limit of retinal blood flow autoregulation is lower in the newborn than in the adult; this suggests an insufficient vasoconstrictor response in the newborn when perfusion **pressure** is increased. Because prostaglandins (PGs) have an important role in autoregulation of retinal blood flow, the authors compared the effects of PGE2, PGF2.alpha., carbacyclin (PGI2 analog), and U46619 (thromboxane analog), as well as that of agonists for the three different PGE2 receptor subtypes, 17-Ph trinor PGE2 (**EP1**), butaprost (**EP2**), and M&B 28, 767 (**EP3**), on the retinal vasculature of newborn and adult pigs, using isolated eyecup preps. PGF2.alpha. and PGE2 caused a markedly greater constriction of retinal arteries and veins of the adult than of the newborn animals. Further anal. of the response to PGE2, using receptor subtype agonists revealed that the **EP1** receptor agonist, 17-Ph trinor PGE2, and the **EP3** receptor agonist, M&B 28, 767, caused a significant constriction of adult arteries and veins but produced minimal effects on newborn vessels; the **EP2** receptor agonist, butaprost, caused a small and comparable dilation of newborn and adult arteries and veins. The PGI2 analog, carbacyclin caused a greater dilation of the adult than of the newborn arteries, but produced comparable dilation of veins from both newborn and adult animals. In contrast to the effects of PGF2.alpha. and PGE2, the thromboxane analog, U46619, as well as the .alpha.1-adrenoceptor agonist, phenylephrine, significantly constricted newborn arteries and veins, and this effect was comparable with that obsd. on retinal vessels of the adult. The authors' findings indicate that the retinal vasculature of the newborn responds minimally to prostaglandins, primarily PGF2.alpha. and PGE2, compared with the adult, but constricts effectively to thromboxane. Since prostaglandins play an important role in the autoregulation of retinal blood flow, the authors' observations provide an explanation for the inability of the newborn to limit blood flow when perfusion **pressure** is raised.

ST retina vasoconstriction newborn prostaglandin thromboxane

IT Newborn

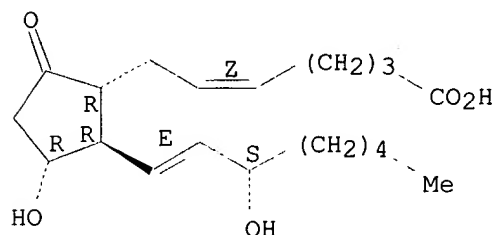
(eye retina vasoconstriction response to prostaglandins and thromboxanes in)

IT Blood **pressure**

(eye retina vasoconstriction response to prostaglandins and

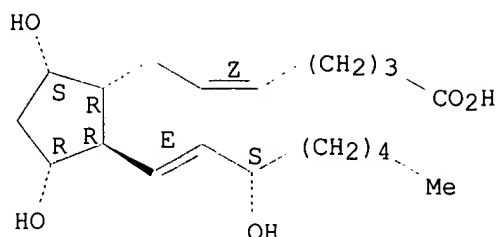
- thromboxanes in newborn in relation to)
- IT Prostaglandins
Thromboxanes
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(eye retina vasoconstriction response to, in newborn)
- IT Circulation
(of eye retina, prostaglandins and thromboxanes effect on, in newborn)
- IT Vein
(retinal, constriction of, prostaglandins and thromboxanes stimulatory sensitivity of, in newborn)
- IT Prostaglandins
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(EP1 receptors, eye retina vasoconstriction response to PGE2 mediation by, in newborn and adult)
- IT Prostaglandins
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(EP3 receptors, eye retina vasoconstriction response to PGE2 mediation by, in newborn and adult)
- IT **Receptors**
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(prostaglandin EP1, eye retina vasoconstriction response to PGE2 mediation by, in newborn and adult)
- IT **Receptors**
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(prostaglandin EP3, eye retina vasoconstriction response to PGE2 mediation by, in newborn and adult)
- IT Eye
(retina, vasoconstriction response to prostaglandins and thromboxanes in)
- IT Artery
(retinal, constriction of, prostaglandins and thromboxanes stimulatory sensitivity of, in newborn)
- IT 59-42-7, Phenylephrine 363-24-6, PGE2 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha. 56985-40-1, U-46619
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(eye retina vasoconstriction response to, in newborn)
- IT 363-24-6, PGE2 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha.
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(eye retina vasoconstriction response to, in newborn)
- RN 363-24-6 HCAPLUS
- CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (5Z,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



- RN 551-11-1 HCAPLUS
- CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 10 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:290654 HCAPLUS

DN 120:290654

TI Studies on the ocular **hypotensive** effects of prostaglandin
F2.alpha. prodrugs and receptor selective prostaglandin analogs

AU Woodward, David F.; Chan, M. F.; Burke, J. A.; Cheng-Bennett, A.; Chen,
G.; Fairbairn, C. E.; Gac, T.; Garst, M. E.; Gluchowski, C.; et al.

CS Dep. Biochem., Allergan, Inc., Irvine, CA, USA

SO Journal of Ocular Pharmacology (1994), 10(1), 177-93

CODEN: JOPHER; ISSN: 8756-3320

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The use of natural prostaglandins (PG), such as PGD2, PGE2, PGF2.alpha., and PGI2, for treating **glaucoma** is limited by their ocular side effects. One approach to achieve the required sepn. of ocular **hypotensive** activity from side effects is to employ ester prodrugs. From a novel series of 11- and 15-mono and 11,15-diacyl esters of PGF2.alpha. the authors identified prodrugs where PGF2.alpha. formation rates in the iris-ciliary body exceeded those in the conjunctiva, sclera, and corneal endothelium. Compared to PGF2.alpha.-1-iso-Pr ester the ocular tissue hydrolysis rates of the 11-monopivaloyl, the 11,15-dipivaloyl ester and the 1,11-lactone were .ltoreq.1000-fold less. Despite this large disparity in hydrolysis rates, the pivaloyl esters and the 1,11-lactone were potent ocular **hypotensives** in the authors' animal models. In studying prostaglandin analogs, the authors found that a diverse variety of **prostanoid receptor** selective agonists lowered intraocular **pressure** in dogs and/or monkeys. These included DP-, **EP1**-, EP2-, EP3-, and **FP-receptor** -selective compds. The **receptor** selectivity of these agonists was reexamd. by radioligand binding studies. Using radiolabeled PGE2, 17-Ph PGF2.alpha., and sulprostone the authors were able to confirm the selectivity of the agonists currently used for **receptor** characterization directly by radioligand binding competition studies. It appears that multiple **prostanoid receptor** subtypes may be involved in regulating intraocular **pressure**.

ST prostanoid receptor subtype intraocular **pressure**; PGF 2alpha
prodrug ocular **hypotensive**

IT Eye, metabolism

(conjunctiva, PGF2.alpha. formation from ester prodrugs in)

IT Eye, metabolism

(cornea, epithelium, PGF2.alpha. formation from ester prodrugs in)

IT Eye, metabolism

(cornea, stroma, PGF2.alpha. formation from ester prodrugs in)

IT Eye

(intraocular fluid, PGF2.alpha. prodrugs **hypotensive** effect
on)

IT Eye, metabolism

(iris-ciliary body, PGF2.alpha. formation from ester prodrugs in)

IT Uterus, composition

(myometrium, prostanoid receptors of, prostanoid ligands interaction with)

IT **Receptors**

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**prostaglandin**, subtypes, of ocular tissues, intraocular **pressure** modulation by)

IT Prostaglandins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(receptors, subtypes, of ocular tissues, intraocular **pressure** modulation by)

IT 363-24-6, PGE2 40666-16-8, Fluprostenol 41598-07-6, PGD2 60972-43-2, MB 28767 148436-63-9, AH 13205

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(myometrium prostanoid receptors interaction with)

IT 37786-00-8, 11-Deoxy PGE1 53764-90-2 55314-48-2, PGF2.alpha. 1,9-lactone 55314-49-3, PGF2.alpha. 1,15-lactone 55582-75-7, 17-Phenyl PGF2.alpha. 56985-40-1, U 46619 60325-46-4, Sulprostone 62410-84-8, PGF2.alpha. 1,11-lactone 134217-11-1 135273-39-1 135273-43-7

137143-41-0 154887-01-1 154887-02-2

RL: PRP (Properties)

(ocular **hypotensive** effect of)

IT 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha.

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(prodrug hydrolysis to, in eye, ocular **hypotensive** effect of)

IT 363-24-6, PGE2 40666-16-8, Fluprostenol 60972-43-2, MB 28767

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

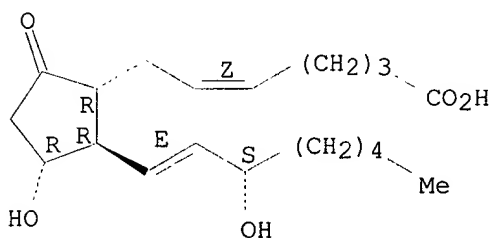
(myometrium prostanoid receptors interaction with)

RN 363-24-6 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-dihydroxy-9-oxo-, (5Z,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

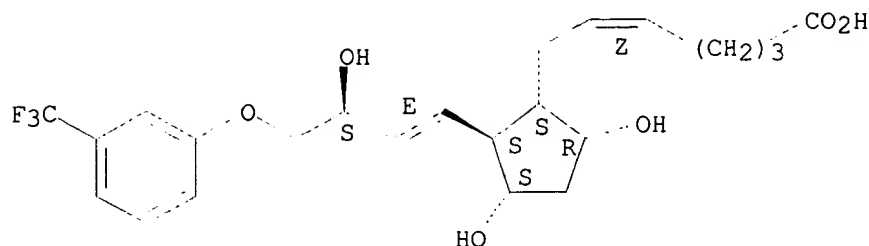


RN 40666-16-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3R)-3-hydroxy-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-1-butenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

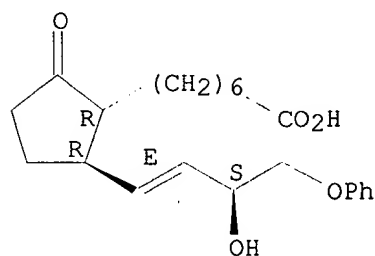
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 60972-43-2 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 2-[(1E,3R)-3-hydroxy-4-phenoxy-1-butenyl]-5-oxo-, (1S,2S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



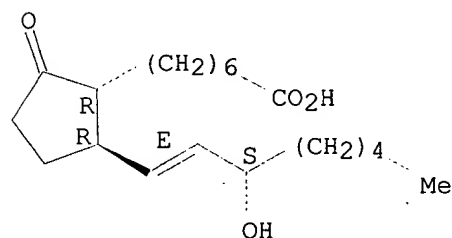
IT 37786-00-8, 11-Deoxy PGE1 53764-90-2 55582-75-7
, 17-Phenyl PGF2.alpha. 134217-11-1 135273-39-1
135273-43-7

RL: PRP (Properties)
(ocular **hypotensive** effect of)

RN 37786-00-8 HCAPLUS

CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 15-hydroxy-9-oxo-, (13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

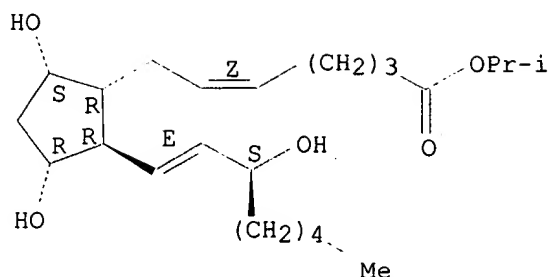
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 53764-90-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

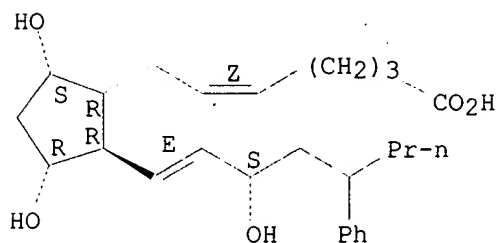
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 55582-75-7 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-17-phenyl-,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

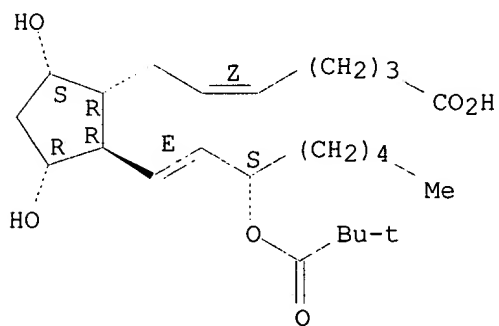
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 134217-11-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 15-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-9,11-dihydroxy-,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

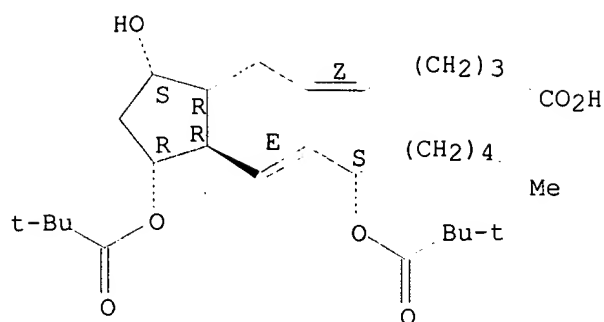
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 135273-39-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11,15-bis(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-9-hydroxy-,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

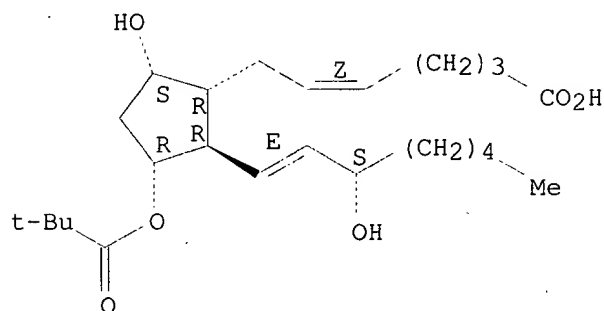
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 135273-43-7 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 11-(2,2-dimethyl-1-oxopropoxy)-9,15-dihydroxy-, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 551-11-1, PGF2.alpha.

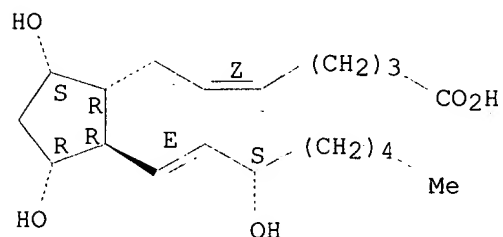
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(prodrug hydrolysis to, in eye, ocular **hypotensive** effect of)

RN 551-11-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 11 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1993:596454 HCAPLUS

DN 119:196454

TI Intraocular **pressure** effects of selective prostanoid receptor agonists involve different receptor subtypes according to radioligand binding studies

AU Woodward, David F.; Lawrence, Ruth A.; Fairbairn, Casey E.; Shan, Tanwir;

Williams, Linda S.

CS Dep. Biol. Sci., Allergan, Inc., Irvine, CA, 92713-9534, USA

SO Journal of Lipid Mediators (1993), 6(1-3), 545-53

CODEN: JLMEEG; ISSN: 0921-8319

DT Journal

LA English

CC 2-9 (Mammalian Hormones)

AB The **receptors** involved in the ocular **hypotensive** activity PGE2 and PGF2.alpha. in dogs and monkeys were investigated by examg. the effects of putative **receptor** selective agonists on intraocular **pressure**. A diverse variety of **receptor** selective agonists lowered intraocular **pressure** in these species. Thus, FP-**receptor** agonists (17-Ph PGF2.alpha., fluprostenol), agonists with potent activity at the EP3 **receptor** (MB 28767, sulprostone) and a **prostanoid** with activity at the EP2 **receptor** (11-deoxy PGE1) were all potent ocular **hypotensives** when administered as a single dose to dogs and monkeys or b.i.d. for 5 days in monkeys. These findings were regarded as surprising and prompted re-exam. of some aspects of the current classification for **prostanoid receptors**. At present certain **receptor** subtypes, notably EP2, EP3, and FP **receptors**, are defined only according to potency rank order for agonists. In these studies, the authors employed radioligand binding studies to det. the degree of competition between **prostanoid** agonists claimed to be selective on the basis of functional assays. Competition studies with the myometrial plasma membrane prepd. from the rat uterus were consistent with the presence of an EP3 **receptor**. Thus, EP3-**receptor** agonists (MB 28767 and sulprostone) potently inhibited PGE2 and sulprostone binding, whereas FP agonists (17-Ph PGF2.alpha., fluprostenol), a DP agonist (BW 245C), an **EP1** antagonist (AH 6809), and EP2 agonist (AH 13205) and TP-**receptor** ligands (BM 13505, I-BOP) afforded little or no inhibition. Radioligand binding studies in plasma membrane preps. from the rat colon with 17-Ph [3H]PGF2.alpha. were consistent with the presence of an FP-**receptor**. 17-Ph [3H]PGF2.alpha. was potently displaced by PGF2.alpha., whereas only very weak competition at the **receptor** site was afforded by EP3 agonists (MB 28767, sulprostone). The results are consistent with the existence of EP3 and FP **receptors** as distinct entities. The findings also imply that the decrease in intraocular **pressure** produced by FP and EP3 agonists results from stimulation of two independent subpopulations of **prostanoid receptors**.

ST eye intraocular **pressure** prostaglandin receptor agonist

IT Eye

(intraocular **pressure** of, prostaglandin receptor subtypes in regulation of)

IT Prostaglandins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(EP3 receptors, in eye intraocular **pressure** regulation)

IT Prostaglandins

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(FP receptors, in eye intraocular **pressure** regulation)

IT **Receptors**

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**prostaglandin** EP3, in eye intraocular **pressure** regulation)

IT **Receptors**

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(**prostaglandin** FP, in eye intraocular **pressure** regulation)

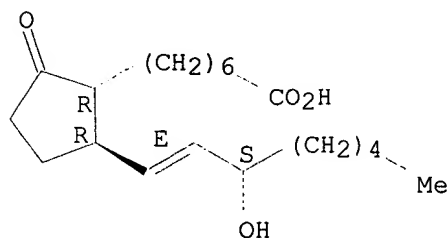
IT 37786-00-8, 11-Deoxy PGE1 40666-16-8, Fluprostenol

55582-75-7, 17-Phenyl PGF2.alpha. 60325-46-4, Sulprostone

60972-43-2, MB 28767

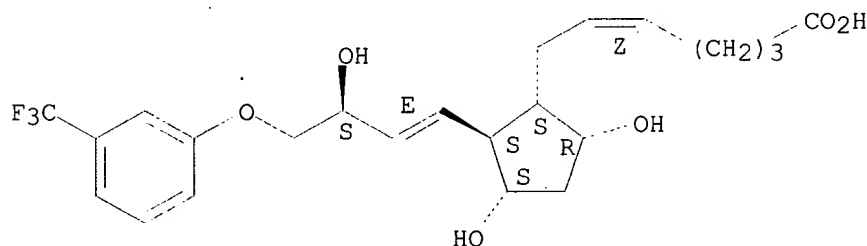
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (eye intraocular **pressure** decrease by)
 IT 37786-00-8, 11-Deoxy PGE1 40666-16-8, Fluprostenol
 55582-75-7, 17-Phenyl PGF2.alpha. 60972-43-2, MB 28767
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (eye intraocular **pressure** decrease by)
 RN 37786-00-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Prost-13-en-1-oic acid, 15-hydroxy-9-oxo-, (13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



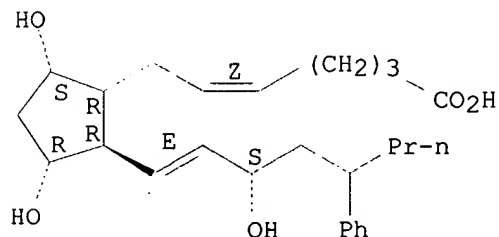
RN 40666-16-8 HCAPLUS
 CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3R)-3-hydroxy-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]-1-butenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-rel-. (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 55582-75-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-17-phenyl-, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

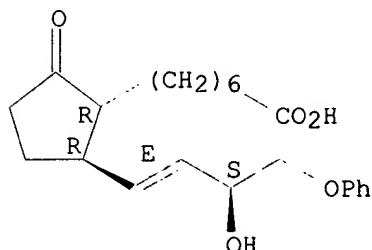
Absolute stereochemistry.
 Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 60972-43-2 HCAPLUS
 CN Cyclopentaneheptanoic acid, 2-[(1E,3R)-3-hydroxy-4-phenoxy-1-butenyl]-5-

oxo-, (1S,2S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 12 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
 AN 1993:517000 HCAPLUS
 DN 119:117000
 TI Phenyl-substituted prostaglandins: potent and selective
antiglaucoma agents. [Erratum to document cited in
 CA118(11):101683k]
 AU Resul, Bahram; Stjernschantz, Johan; No, Kiyo; Liljebris, Charlotta;
 Selen, Goeran; Astin, Maria; Karlsson, Maritha; Bito, Laszlo Z.
 CS Kabi Pharm. AB Ophthalmics, Uppsala, Swed.
 SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1993), 36(15), 2242
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
 DT Journal
 LA English
 CC 26-3 (Biomolecules and Their Synthetic Analogs)
 Section cross-reference(s): 1
 AB 3 Errors in the text have been cor. The errors were not reflected in the
 abstr. or the index entries.
 ST erratum phenyltrilorprostaglandin ester prepn **antiglaucoma**;
 phenyltrilorprostaglandin ester prepn **antiglaucoma** erratum;
glaucoma inhibitor phenyltrilorprostaglandin ester erratum;
 prostaglandin receptor affinity phenyltrilorprostaglandin ester erratum
 IT **Glaucoma (disease)**
 (inhibitors, phenyltrilorprostaglandin F esters (Erratum))
 IT Prostaglandins
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (FP receptors, phenyltrilorprostaglandin F esters affinity for
 (Erratum))
 IT **Receptors**
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (**prostaglandin** FP, phenyltrilorprostaglandin F esters
 affinity for (Erratum))
 IT 4202-14-6
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (benzylation of (Erratum))
 IT 551-11-1 37658-84-7 38344-08-0
 53764-90-2 145667-77-2
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intraocular pressure-lowering activity of (Erratum))
 IT 31752-99-5
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (oxidn. of (Erratum))
 IT 145667-74-9P 145773-20-2P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and deacylation of (Erratum))
 IT 41639-71-8P 130209-82-4P 130273-87-9P

145773-22-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of (Erratum))

IT 145667-76-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and reaction of, with carboxybutylphosphonium bromide
(Erratum))

IT 41162-19-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and reaction of, with formyloxabicyclooctanone (Erratum))

IT 38754-71-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and reaction of, with phenylbutylphosphonate (Erratum))

IT 41639-23-0P 41639-72-9P 41639-73-0P **130209-77-7P**

145667-75-0P 145773-21-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and redn. of (Erratum))

IT **41639-83-2P 41639-84-3P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn., esterification, and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of
(Erratum))

IT **130209-76-6P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn., oxidn., and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of
(Erratum))

IT 17814-85-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, with oxobicyclooctanone deriv. (Erratum))

IT **551-11-1 37658-84-7 38344-08-0**

53764-90-2 145667-77-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

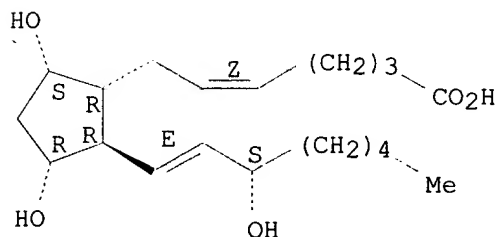
(intraocular pressure-lowering activity of (Erratum))

RN 551-11-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

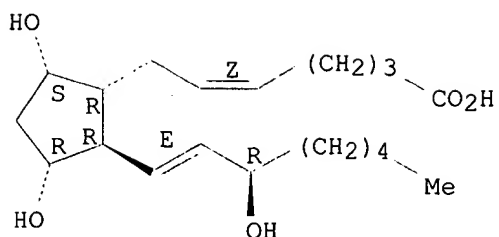


RN 37658-84-7 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
(5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

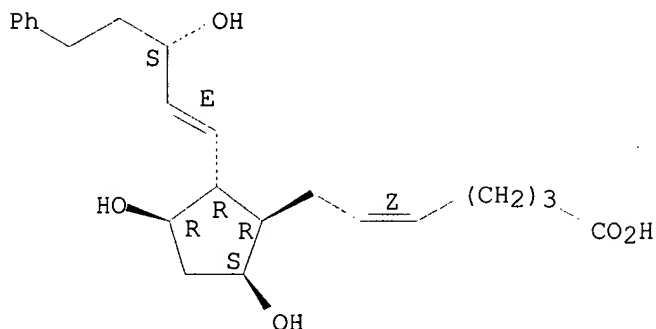
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 38344-08-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

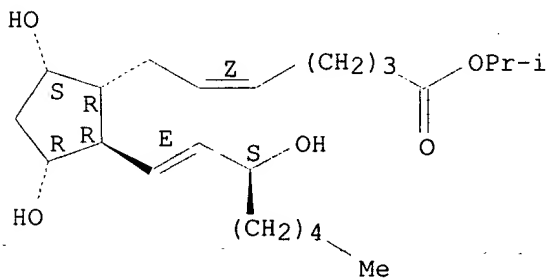
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 53764-90-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

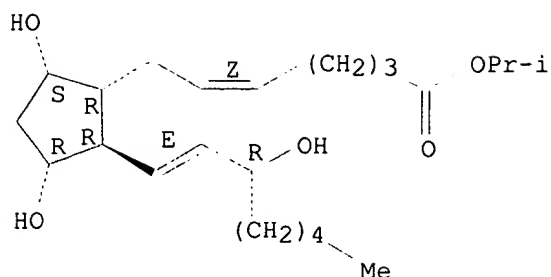
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 145667-77-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



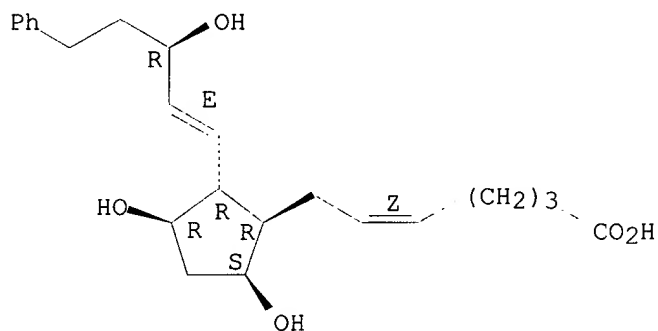
IT 41639-71-8P 130209-82-4P 130273-87-9P
145773-22-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of (Erratum))

RN 41639-71-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl)cyclopentyl]-, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

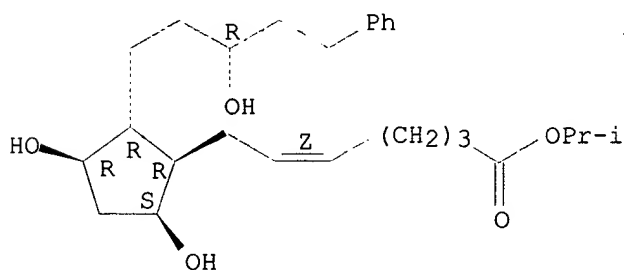
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130209-82-4 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

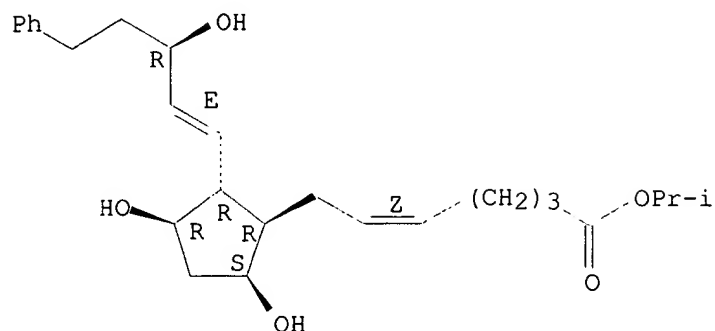
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130273-87-9 HCAPLUS

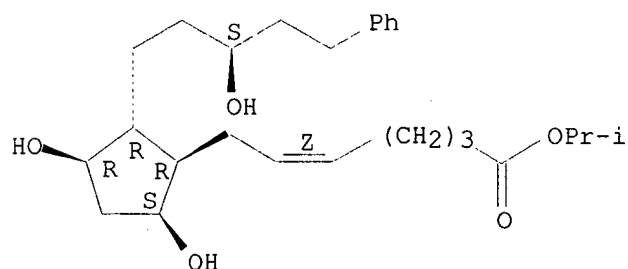
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



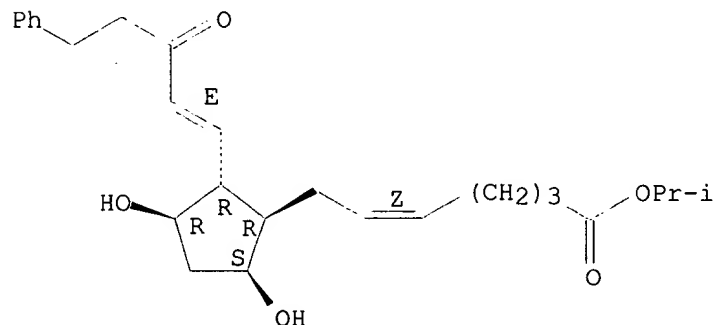
RN 145773-22-4 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(S*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 130209-77-7P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. and redn. of (Erratum))
RN 130209-77-7 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E)-3-oxo-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 41639-83-2P 41639-84-3P

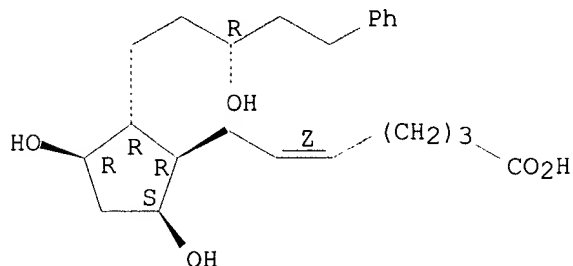
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn., esterification, and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of (Erratum))

RN 41639-83-2 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

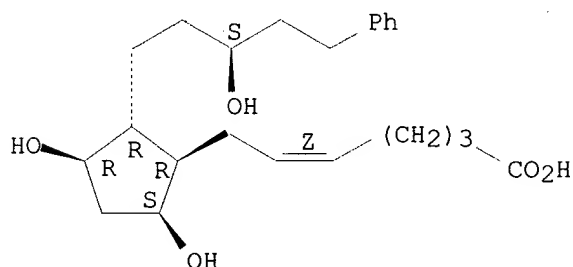
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 41639-84-3 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl)cyclopentyl]-, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(S*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



IT 130209-76-6P

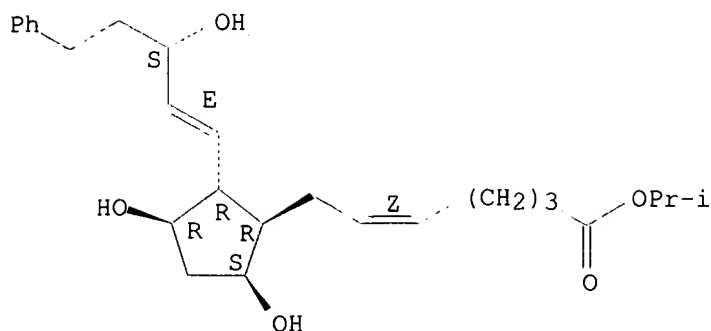
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn., oxidn., and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of (Erratum))

RN 130209-76-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



L169 ANSWER 13 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1993:101683 HCAPLUS

DN 118:101683

TI Phenyl-substituted prostaglandins: potent and selective
antiglaucoma agents

AU Resul, Bahram; Stjernschantz, Johan; No, Kiyo; Liljebris, Charlotta;
Selen, Goeran; Astin, Maria; Karlsson, Maritha; Bito, Laszlo Z.

CS Kabi Pharm. AB Ophthalmics, Uppsala, Swed.

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1993), 36(2), 243-8

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

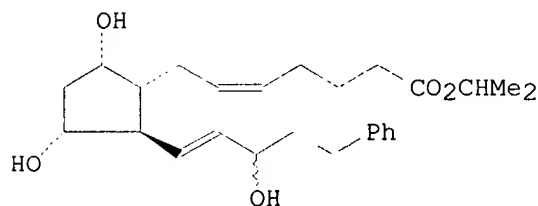
DT Journal

LA English

CC 26-3 (Biomolecules and Their Synthetic Analogs)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

GI



I

AB Title compds. I and their 13,14-dihydro derivs. (II) were prepd. and evaluated for their ocular hypotensive effect and side effects in different animal models. In addn., the activity of I and II on FP receptors was studied in vitro. The results were compared with those of PGF2.alpha. and its iso-Pr ester. I and II exhibited good intraocular pressure reducing effect, were more selective, and exhibited a much higher therapeutic index in the eye than PGF2.alpha. or its iso-Pr ester. (15R)-I and II exhibited high activity on FP receptors.

ST phenyltritorprostaglandin ester prepn **antiglaucoma**;
glaucoma inhibitor phenyltritorprostaglandin ester; prostaglandin
receptor affinity phenyltritorprostaglandin ester

IT **Glaucoma (disease)**
(inhibitors, phenyltritorprostaglandin F esters)

IT Prostaglandins

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(FP receptors, phenyltritorprostaglandin F esters affinity for)

IT **Receptors**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(**prostaglandin** FP, phenyltritorprostaglandin F esters
affinity for)

IT 4202-14-6
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (benzylation of)

IT 551-11-1 37658-84-7 38344-08-0
 53764-90-2 145667-77-2
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intraocular pressure-lowering activity of)

IT 31752-99-5
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (oxidn. of)

IT 145667-74-9P 145773-20-2P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and deacylation of)

IT 41639-71-8P 130209-82-4P 130273-87-9P
 145773-22-4P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of)

IT 145667-76-1P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and reaction of, with carboxybutylphosphonium bromide)

IT 41162-19-0P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and reaction of, with formylloxabicyclooctanone)

IT 38754-71-1P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and reaction of, with phenylbutylphosphonate)

IT 41639-23-0P 41639-72-9P 41639-73-0P 130209-77-7P
 145667-75-0P 145773-21-3P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. and redn. of)

IT 41639-83-2P 41639-84-3P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn., esterification, and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of)

IT 130209-76-6P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn., oxidn., and intraocular pressure-lowering activity of)

IT 17814-85-6, 4-Carboxybutyltriphenylphosphonium bromide
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reaction of, with oxobicyclooctanone deriv.)

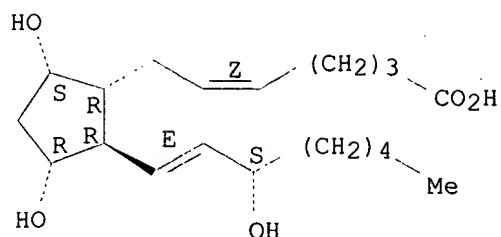
IT 551-11-1 37658-84-7 38344-08-0
 53764-90-2 145667-77-2
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intraocular pressure-lowering activity of)

RN 551-11-1 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
 (5Z,9.alpha.,11.alpha.,13E,15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

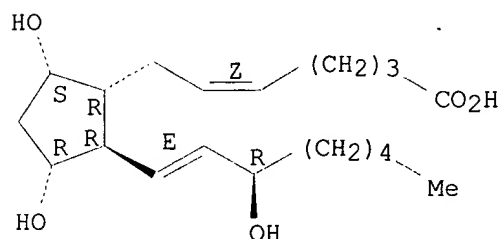
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 37658-84-7 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-,
(5Z, 9.alpha., 11.alpha., 13E, 15R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

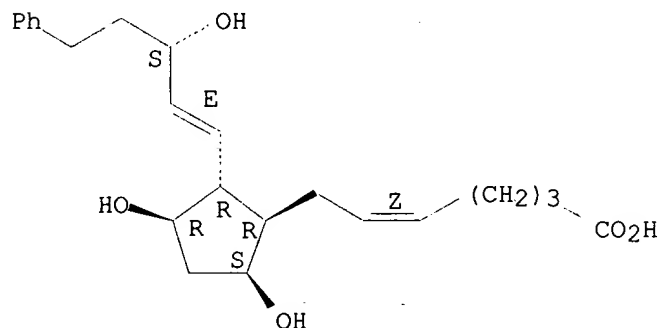
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 38344-08-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R, 2R, 3R, 5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E, 3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 53764-90-2 HCAPLUS

CN Prosta-5,13-dien-1-oic acid, 9,11,15-trihydroxy-, 1-methylethyl ester,
(5Z, 9.alpha., 11.alpha., 13E, 15S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

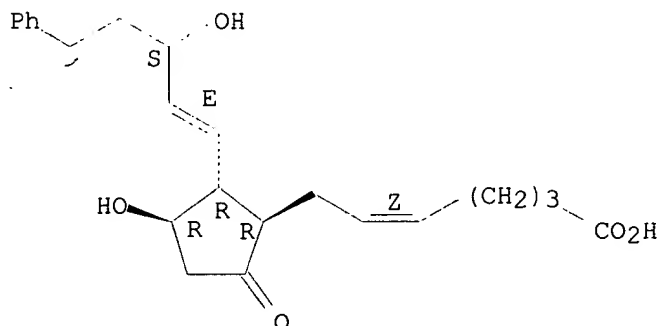
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

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	US 5627208	A	19970506	US 1995-470607	19950606 <--
	JP 08109132	A2	19960430	JP 1995-241200	19950920 <--
	JP 2955213	B2	19991004		
	US 6030999	A	20000229	US 1999-307814	19990510 <--
	US 6187813	B1	20010213	US 1999-307813	19990510 <--
	US 6429226	B1	20020806	US 2000-562447	20000501 <--
	US 2001014693	A1	20010816	US 2001-781896	20010212 <--
	US 6417230	B2	20020709		
	US 2002173525	A1	20021121	US 2002-106228	20020327 <--
PRAI	SE 1988-3110	A	19880906	<--	
	SE 1988-3855	A	19881028	<--	
	EP 1989-850294	A	19890906	<--	
	EP 1993-109514	A3	19890906	<--	
	JP 1995-241200	A3	19890906	<--	
	WO 1989-SE475	A	19890906	<--	
	US 1990-469442	B1	19900410	<--	
	US 1991-740371	B1	19910724	<--	
	US 1992-986943	A3	19921208	<--	
	US 1992-988389	A1	19921208	<--	
	US 1995-461341	A1	19950605	<--	
	US 1999-307813	A1	19990510		
	US 2001-781896	A1	20010212		
OS	MARPAT 113:205515				
AB	Ophthalmol. compns. for topical treatment of glaucoma or ocular hypertension comprise, in an ophthalmol. compatible carrier, an effective amt. of a deriv. of PGA, PGB, PGD, PGE, or PGF having an .omega.-chain C13BC14DR2 [B is a single, double, or triple bond between C13 and C14; D = (un)substituted C1-10 chain optionally interrupted by O, S, or N; R2 = (un)substituted ring]. Thus, crude 15-(R,S)-17-phenyl-18,19,20-trinor-PGF2.alpha. (prepn. given) was esterified and purified by column chromatog. to give 15-(R)-17-phenyl-18,19,20-trinor-PGF2.alpha. isopropyl ester (I) in 46% yield. I (10 .mu.g) reduced intraocular pressure in healthy human volunteers to 11.2 mm Hg 8 h after administration (control = 15.1 mm Hg at 8 h). I and other prepd. prostaglandin derivs. all significantly reduced intraocular pressure without significant irritating effect (ocular discomfort); 2 of the derivs. caused little, if any, conjunctival/episcleral hyperemia in man.				
ST	prostaglandin deriv glaucoma treatment; PGF deriv glaucoma treatment				
IT	Glaucoma (disease) (treatment of, with prostaglandin derivs.)				
IT	Prostaglandins RL: PREP (Preparation) (A, 18,19,20-trinor-, 13,14-dihydro-17-Ph, alkyl esters, prepn. of, for glaucoma treatment)				
IT	Prostaglandins RL: PREP (Preparation) (A, 18,19,20-trinor-, 15-dehydro-17-Ph, alkyl esters, prepn. of, for glaucoma treatment)				
IT	Prostaglandins RL: PREP (Preparation) (E, 18,19,20-trinor-, 13,14-dihydro-17-Ph, alkyl esters, prepn. of, for glaucoma treatment)				
IT	Prostaglandins RL: PREP (Preparation) (E, 18,19,20-trinor-, 15-dehydro-17-Ph, alkyl esters, prepn. of, for glaucoma treatment)				
IT	Prostaglandins RL: PREP (Preparation) (F, 18,19,20-trinor-, 13,14-dihydro-17-Ph, alkyl esters, prepn. of, for glaucoma treatment)				

- IT Prostaglandins
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(F, 18,19,20-trinor-, 15-dehydro-17-Ph, alkyl esters, prepn. of, for
glaucoma treatment)
- IT 38315-43-4, 17-Phenyl-18,19,20-trinor PGE2 38315-48-9
38344-08-0 51705-19-2
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(esterification of, in prepn. of prostaglandin deriv. for
glaucoma treatment)
- IT 38754-71-1P 41639-72-9P 52343-56-3P 88257-37-8P 130209-85-7P
130273-88-0P 130273-89-1P 130273-90-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. and reaction of, in prostaglandin deriv. prepn. for
glaucoma treatment)
- IT 130209-75-5P 130209-76-6P 130209-77-7P
130209-78-8P 130209-79-9P 130209-81-3P
130209-82-4P 130209-83-5P 130209-84-6P
130225-92-2P 130273-87-9P
RL: PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of, for **glaucoma** treatment)
- IT 31752-99-5 130209-80-2
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, in prepn. of prostaglandin deriv. for **glaucoma**
treatment)
- IT 41162-19-0, Dimethyl-2-oxo-4-phenylbutyl phosphonate 52344-42-0
61263-11-4, Dimethyl-2-oxo-6-phenyl-hexylphosphonate
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, in prostaglandin deriv. prepn. for **glaucoma**
treatment)
- IT 75-30-9, Isopropyl iodide 41029-44-1, Isopropyl triflate
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, with prostaglandin, in prostaglandin deriv. prepn. for
glaucoma treatment)
- IT 38315-43-4, 17-Phenyl-18,19,20-trinor PGE2 38315-48-9
38344-08-0 51705-19-2
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(esterification of, in prepn. of prostaglandin deriv. for
glaucoma treatment)
- RN 38315-43-4 HCAPLUS
- CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R)-3-hydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

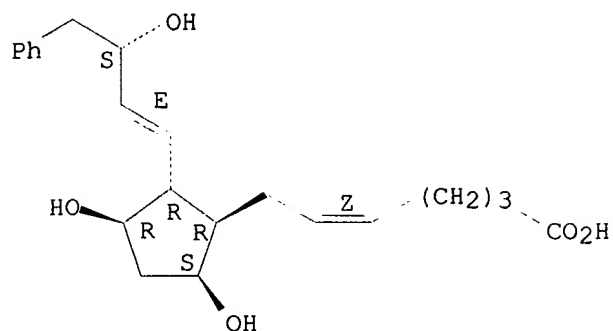
Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



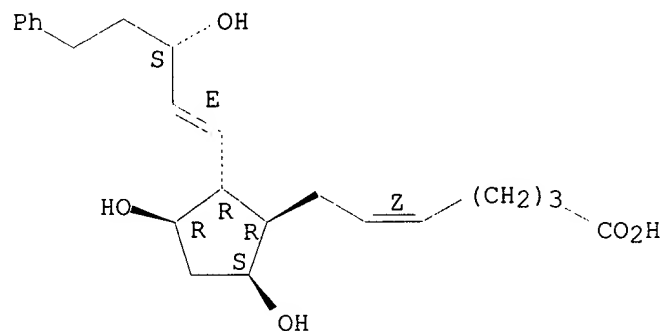
- RN 38315-48-9 HCAPLUS
- CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-4-phenyl-1-butenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



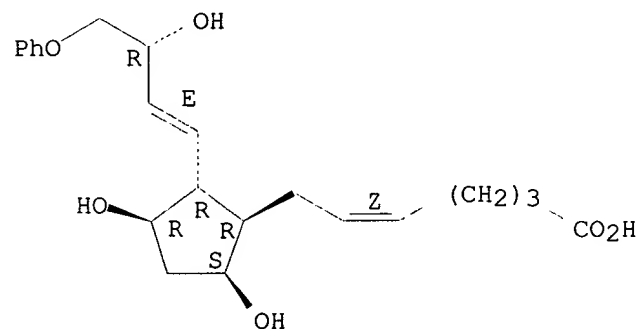
RN 38344-08-0 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 51705-19-2 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3R)-3-hydroxy-4-phenoxy-1-butenyl]cyclopentyl]-, (5Z)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.

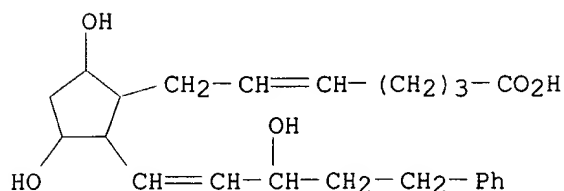


IT 130273-90-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and reaction of, in prostaglandin deriv. prepn. for
glaucoma treatment)

RN 130273-90-4 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl)cyclopentyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 130209-75-5P 130209-76-6P 130209-77-7P
130209-78-8P 130209-81-3P 130209-82-4P
130209-83-5P 130209-84-6P 130225-92-2P
130273-87-9P

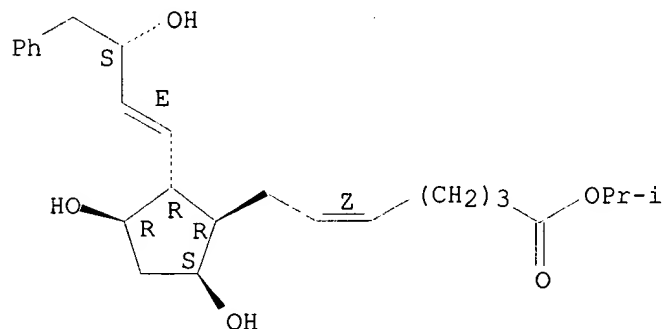
RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, for glaucoma treatment)

RN 130209-75-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-4-phenyl-1-butenyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

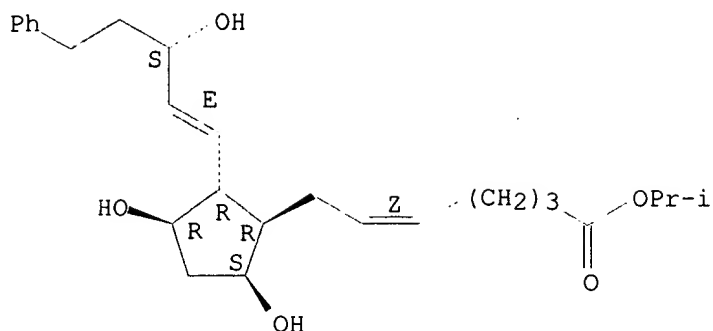
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130209-76-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

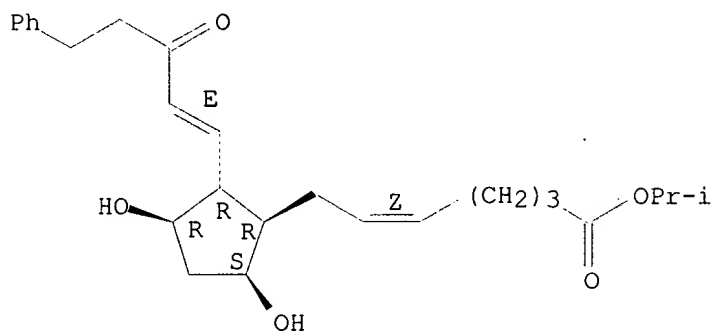
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130209-77-7 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(1E)-3-oxo-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

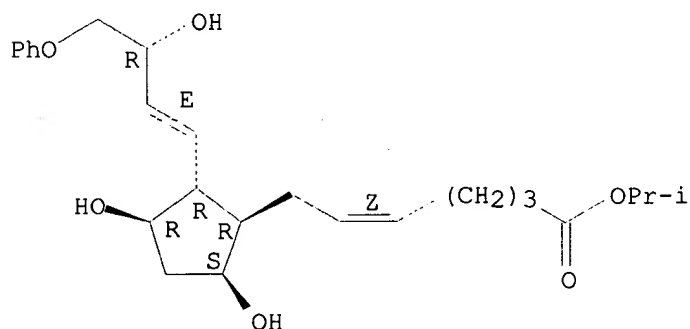
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130209-78-8 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-4-phenoxy-1-butenyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

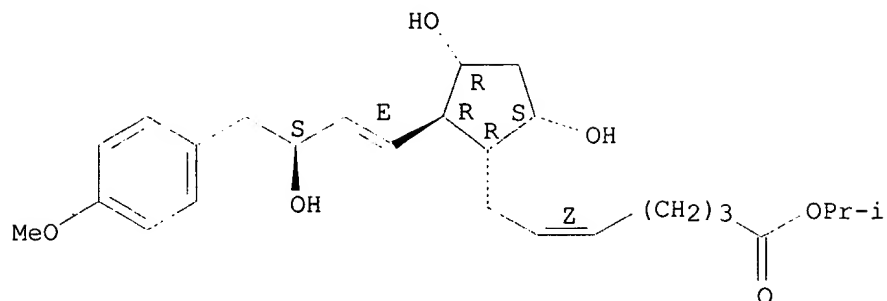
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130209-81-3 HCAPLUS

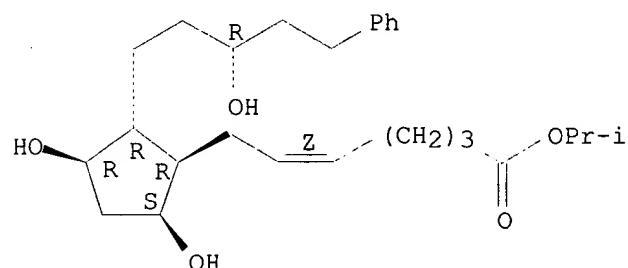
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-[3-hydroxy-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-butenyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



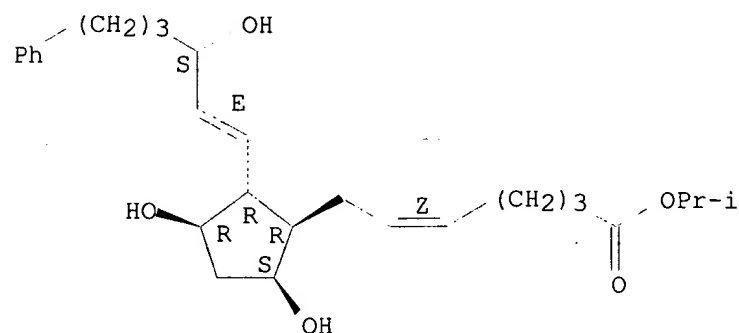
RN 130209-82-4 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(3R)-3-hydroxy-5-phenylpentyl]cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



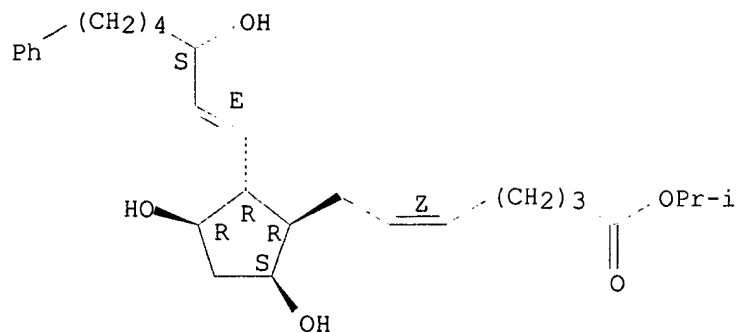
RN 130209-83-5 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-6-phenyl-1-hexenyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130209-84-6 HCAPLUS
CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-7-phenyl-1-heptenyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3S*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

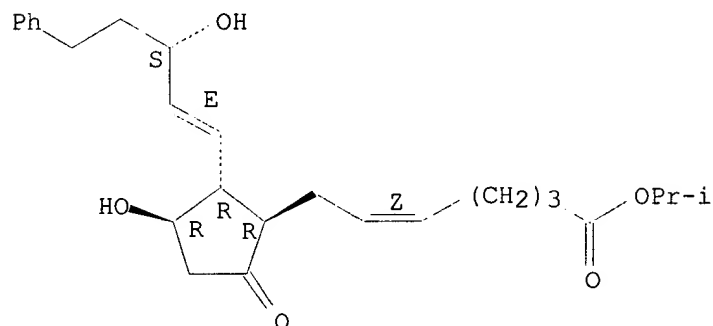
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130225-92-2 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[(1R,2R,3R)-3-hydroxy-2-[(1E,3S)-3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl]-5-oxocyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, (5Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

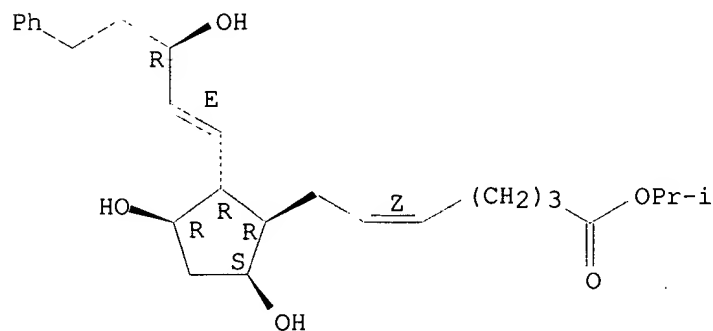
Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



RN 130273-87-9 HCAPLUS

CN 5-Heptenoic acid, 7-[3,5-dihydroxy-2-(3-hydroxy-5-phenyl-1-pentenyl)cyclopentyl]-, 1-methylethyl ester, [1R-[1.alpha.(Z),2.beta.(1E,3R*),3.alpha.,5.alpha.]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry as shown.



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